



A Close-up of the Methane Global Budget

MPI-Biogeochemistry
September 7-9, 2011

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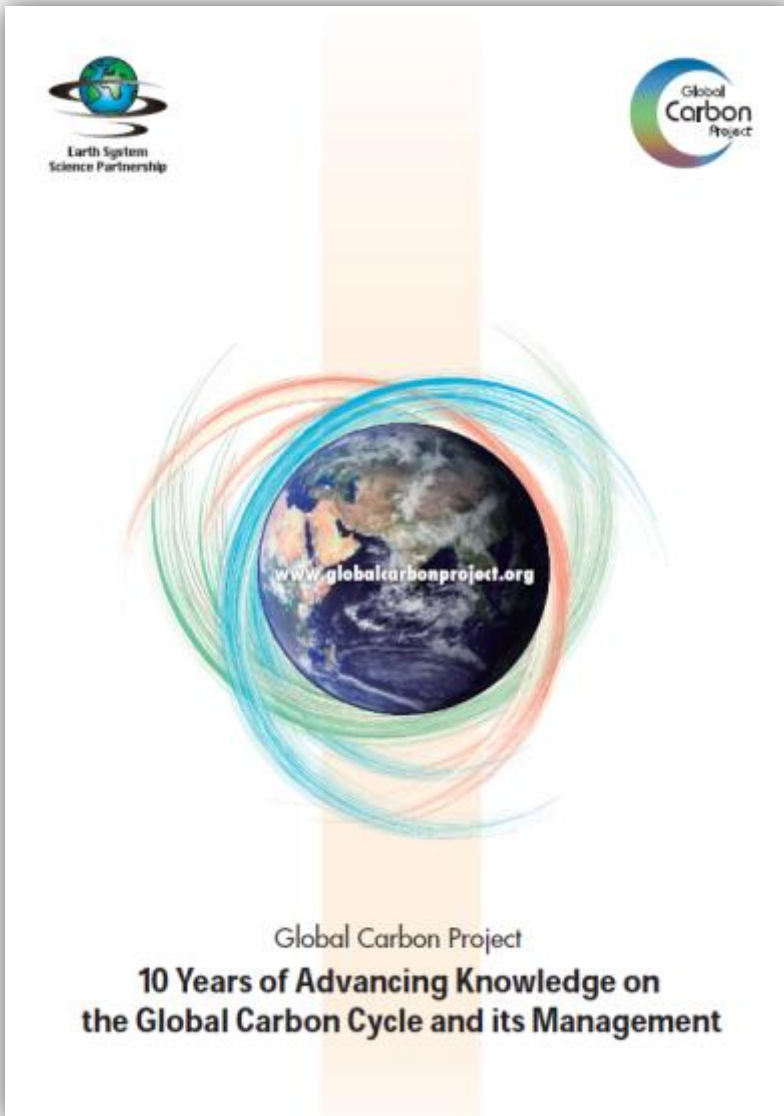
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Global Carbon Project (GCP): Objectives

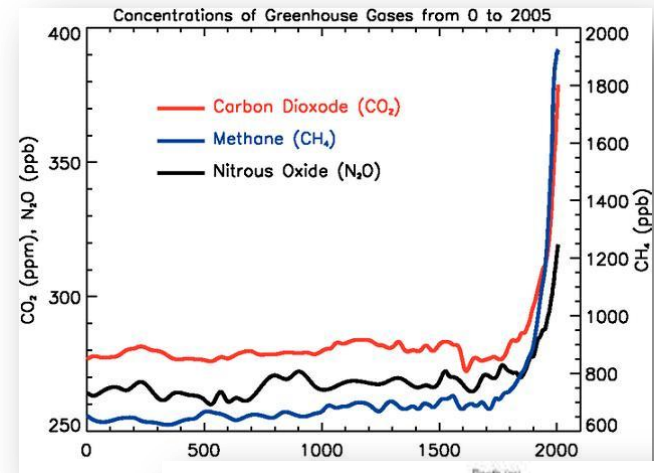


To develop comprehensive, policy-relevant understanding of the global carbon cycle, encompassing its natural and human dimensions and their interactions.

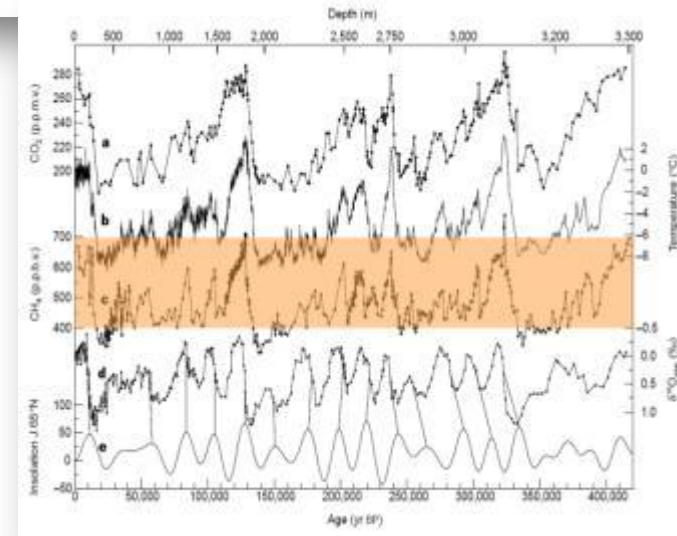
- Annual update of the global CO₂ budget
- New: Annual update of the global CH₄ budget

Why Methane?

- CH₄ – one of the most important radiatively active trace gases
- 0.5 W m⁻² direct RF
- Important for tropospheric chemistry
- Wide range of sources with high uncertainties
- Rapid rise in atmospheric concentrations since start of records in 1978 (0.8-2% y⁻¹)
- High variability in atmospheric growth rate
- Target for emissions reductions due to short life time



IPCC 2007



After Petit et al., 1999

Anthropogenic CH₄ Sources

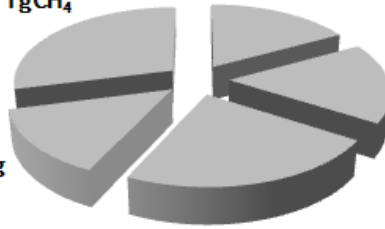


Fossil Fuels
70-120 TgCH₄



Waste Decomposition
30-80 TgCH₄

Biomass Burning
20-50 TgCH₄



Rice Cultivation
30-70 TgCH₄



Domestic Ruminants
80-120 TgCH₄



Natural CH₄ Sources



Termites
10-30 TgCH₄



Ocean & Geologic
20-60 TgCH₄



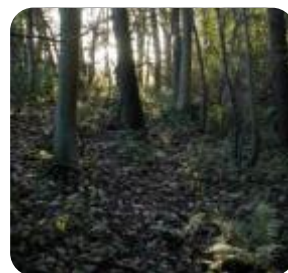
Wetlands
90-250 TgCH₄



CH₄ Sinks



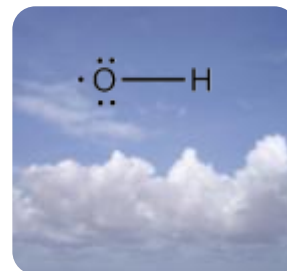
Stratosphere
20-60 TgCH₄



Soils
10-40 TgCH₄



Tropospheric OH
450-520 TgCH₄



GCP Global Methane Budget

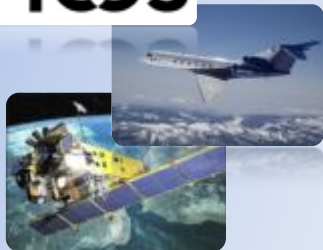
- ↘ Regular update of the CH₄ global budget, annually or bi-annually – similar to global CO₂ budget
- ↘ Synthesis of existing data, bottom-up and top-down
- ↘ Contributions from
 - Observational networks (NOAA, CSIRO, LSCE, AGAGE)
 - Inventories (EDGAR, GEIA, GFED)
 - Inverse modeling groups, chemical transport models (OH)
 - Process-based models for wetland and fire
- ↘ Budget release in a high-profile paper each year

Atmospheric Observations

Ground-based data from observation networks.

Airborne observations.

Satellite data.



Emission Inventories

Number of livestock, area of rice cultivation (FAO, EDGAR).

Fossil fuel CH₄ emissions (EDGAR).

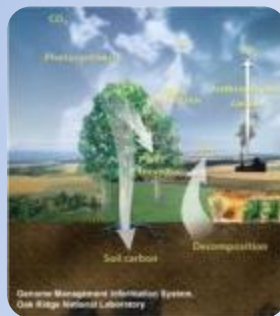
Fire emissions (GFED/GEIA).



Biogeochemistry Models

Ensemble of different wetland models, e.g. LPJ-Why-Me, ORCHIDEE, ...

Top-down model to calculate annual flooded area.



Inverse Models

Ensemble of different atmospheric inversion models.

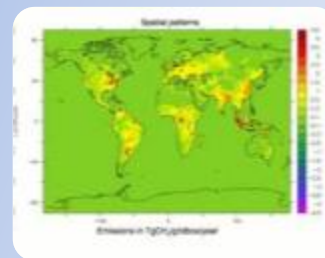
Groups from the TransCom project.

So far:

Bousquet et al.

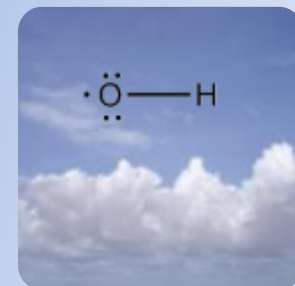
Bruhwiler et al.

Houweling et al.

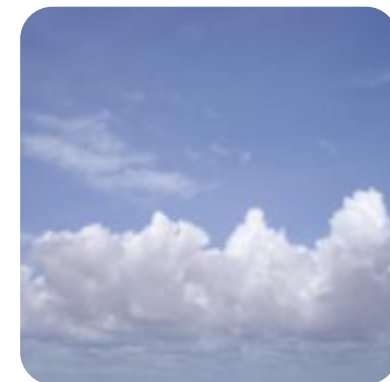
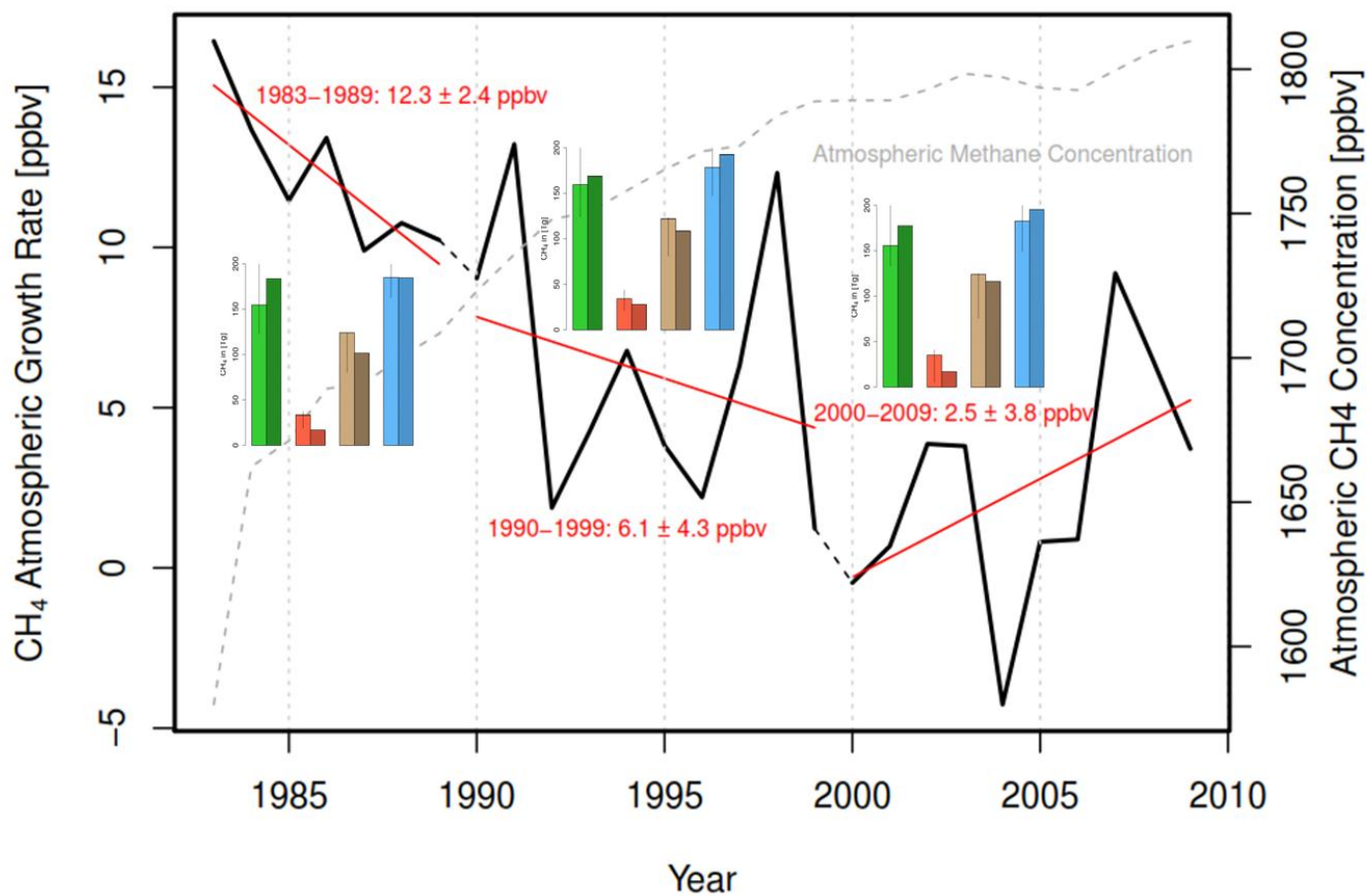


OH Sink

Long-term trends of the OH sink, not year-to-year variability.

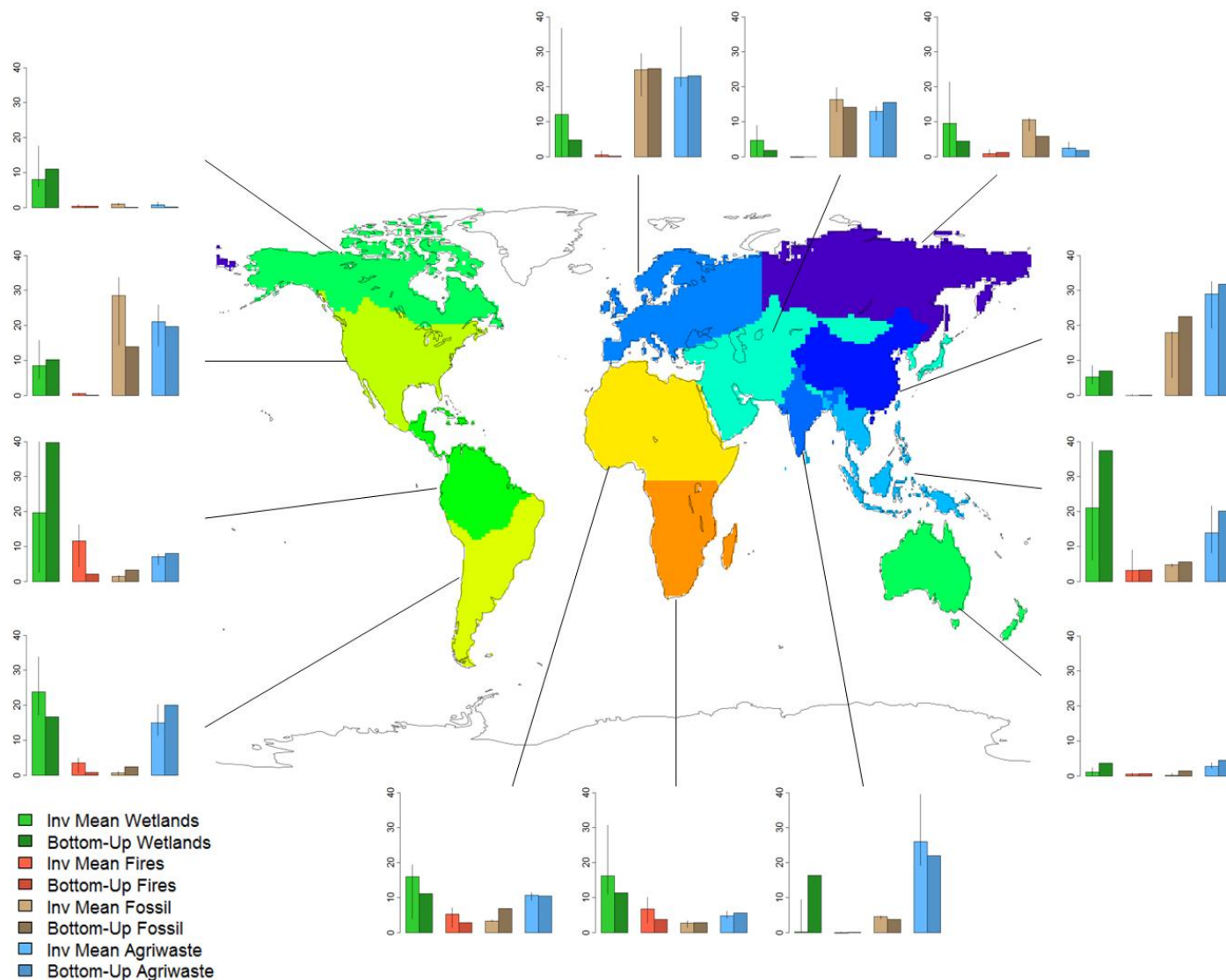


CH₄ Atmospheric Growth Rate, 1983-2009



Data from NOAA, CSIRO, LSCE atmospheric networks. Inversion results from Bousquet et al. (2011), Bruhwiler et al. (in prep.) and Houweling et al. (in prep.)

Regional CH₄ Budgets, 2000-2008

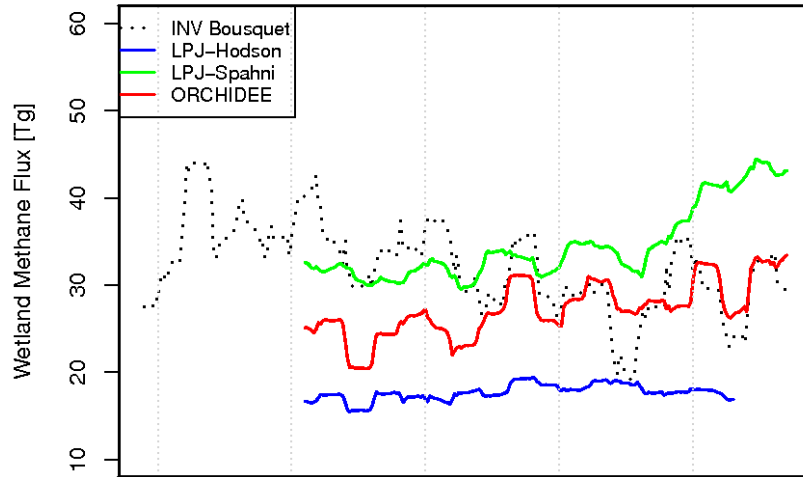


Contributors:

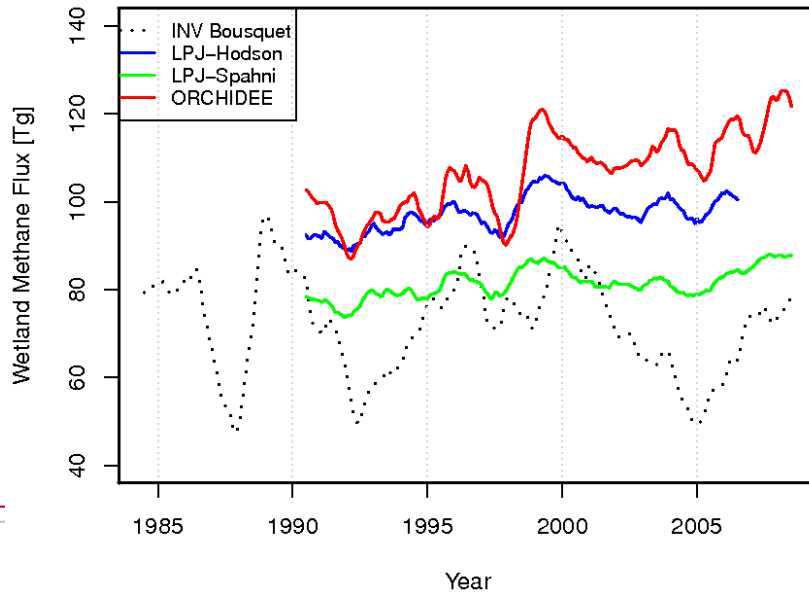
ORCHIDEE (Ringeval et al., 2010)
 LPJ-WHy-Me (Spahni et al., 2011)
 LPJ Methane (Hodson et al., 2011)
 GFEDv3 (van der Werf et al. 2010)
 RETRO
 EDGAR (European Commission, 2009)
 Bousquet et al., 2011
 Bruhwiler et al. (in prep.)
 Houweling et al. (in prep.)

Wetland CH₄ Emissions, 1984-2008

Northern Latitudes



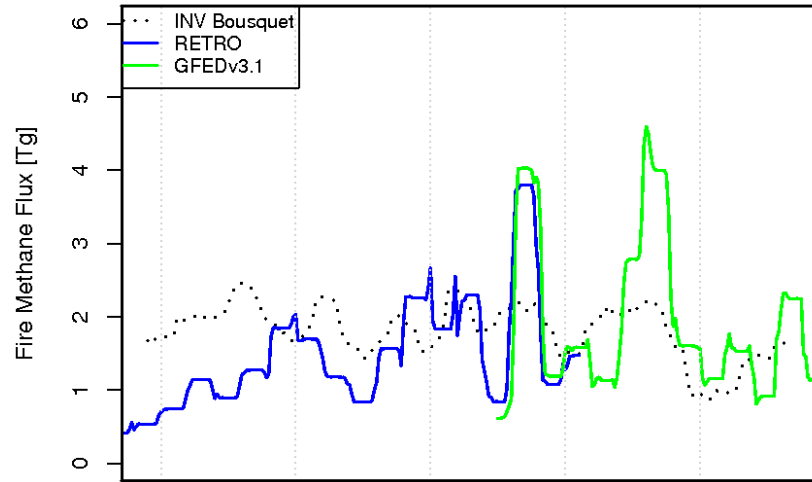
Tropics



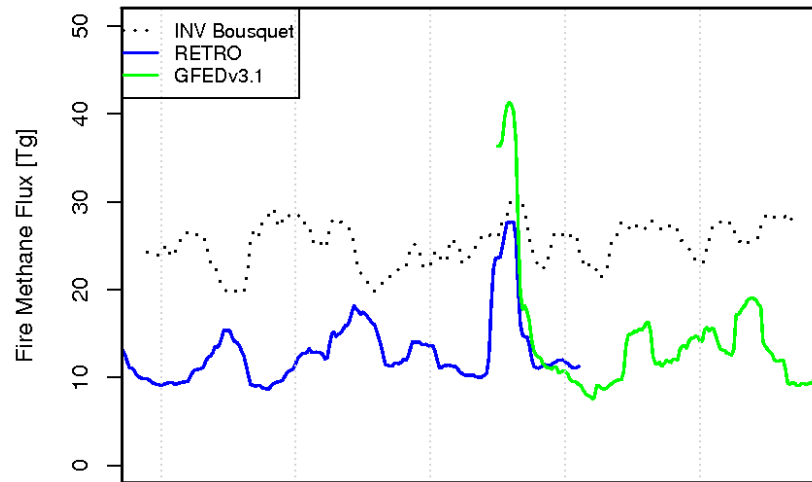
Increase 2005-2009
due to precipitation
forcing (increase in
tropical land
precipitation)

Fire CH₄ Emissions, 1984-2008

Northern Latitudes



Tropics



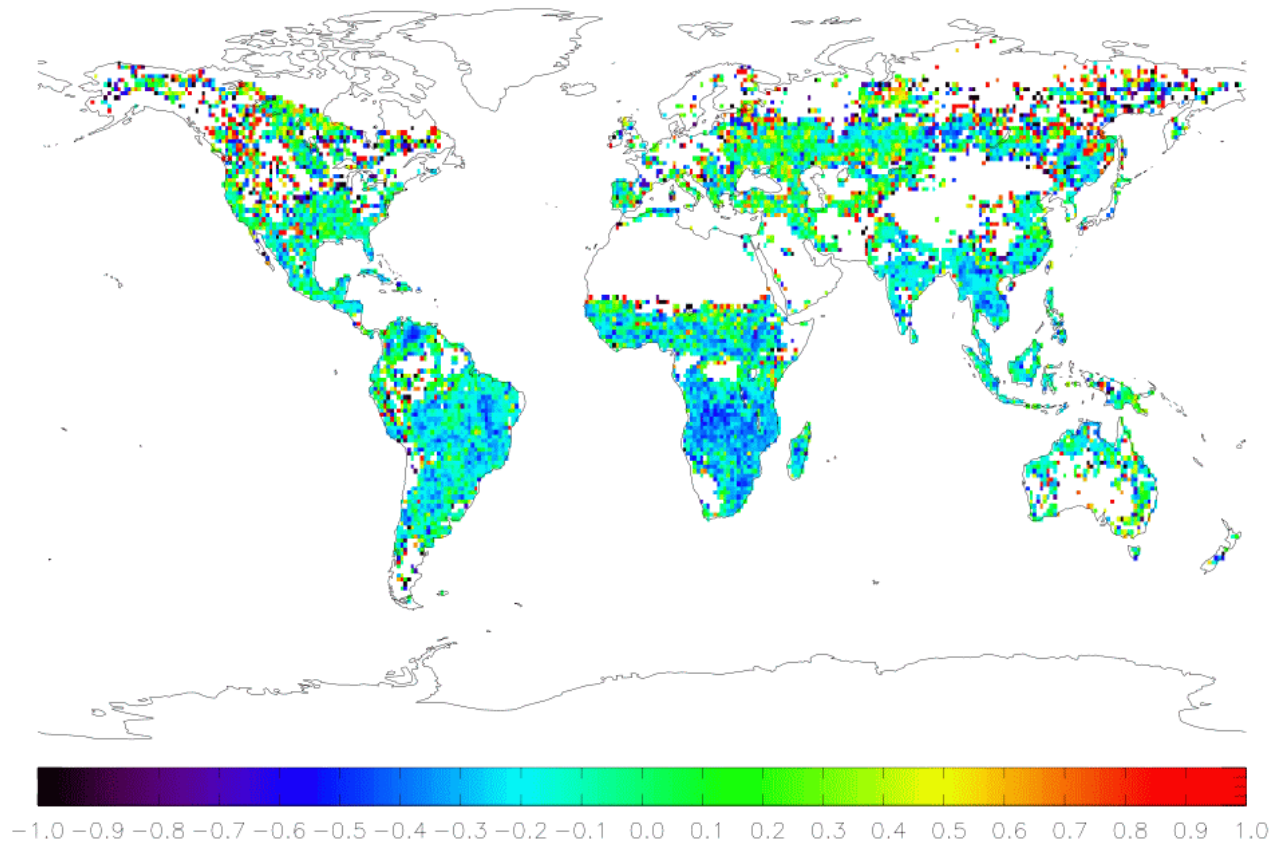
Year



Correlation between wetland and fire flux

↳ ORCHIDEE – GFEDv3

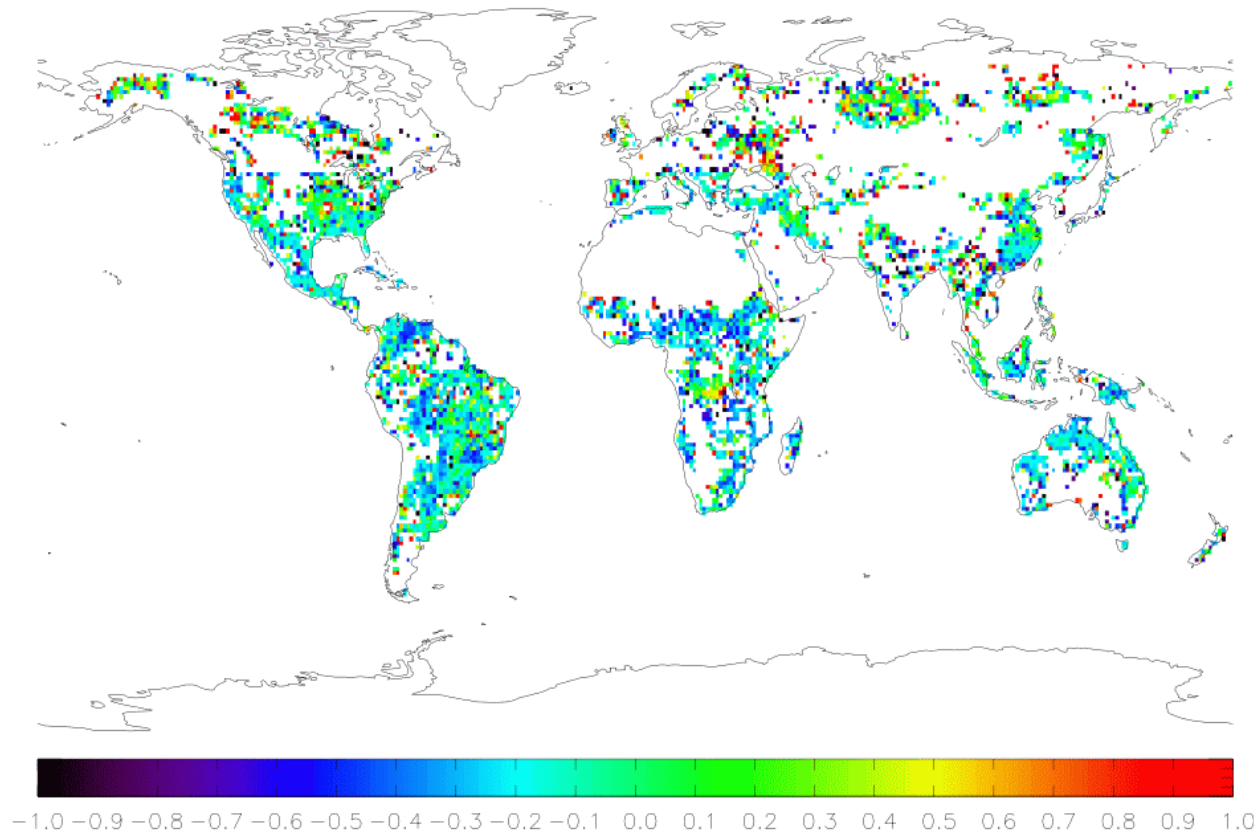
CORREL – ORCHIDEE_GFED3_BBG



Correlation between wetland and fire flux

↳ LPJ-WHy-Me – GFEDv3

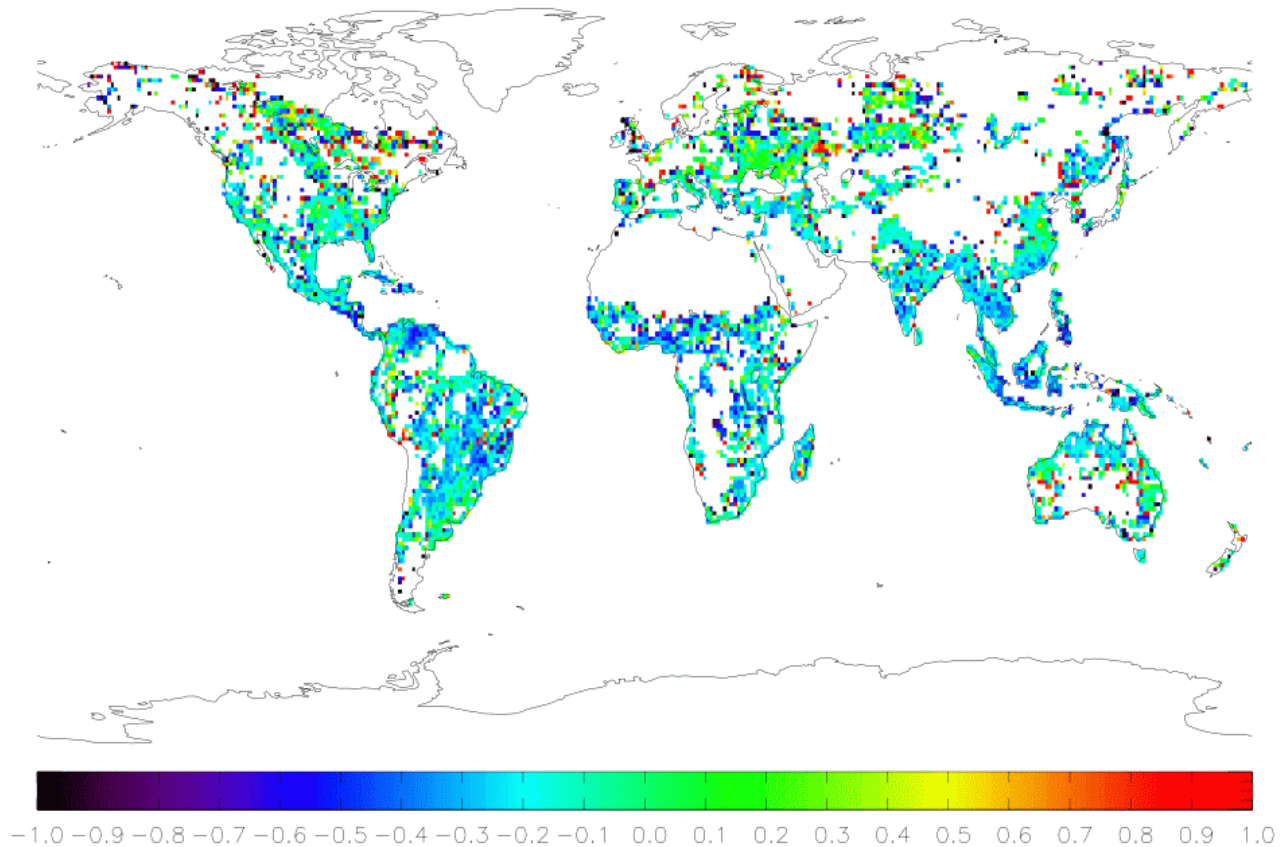
CORREL – LPJ_WETLANDS_GFED3_BBG



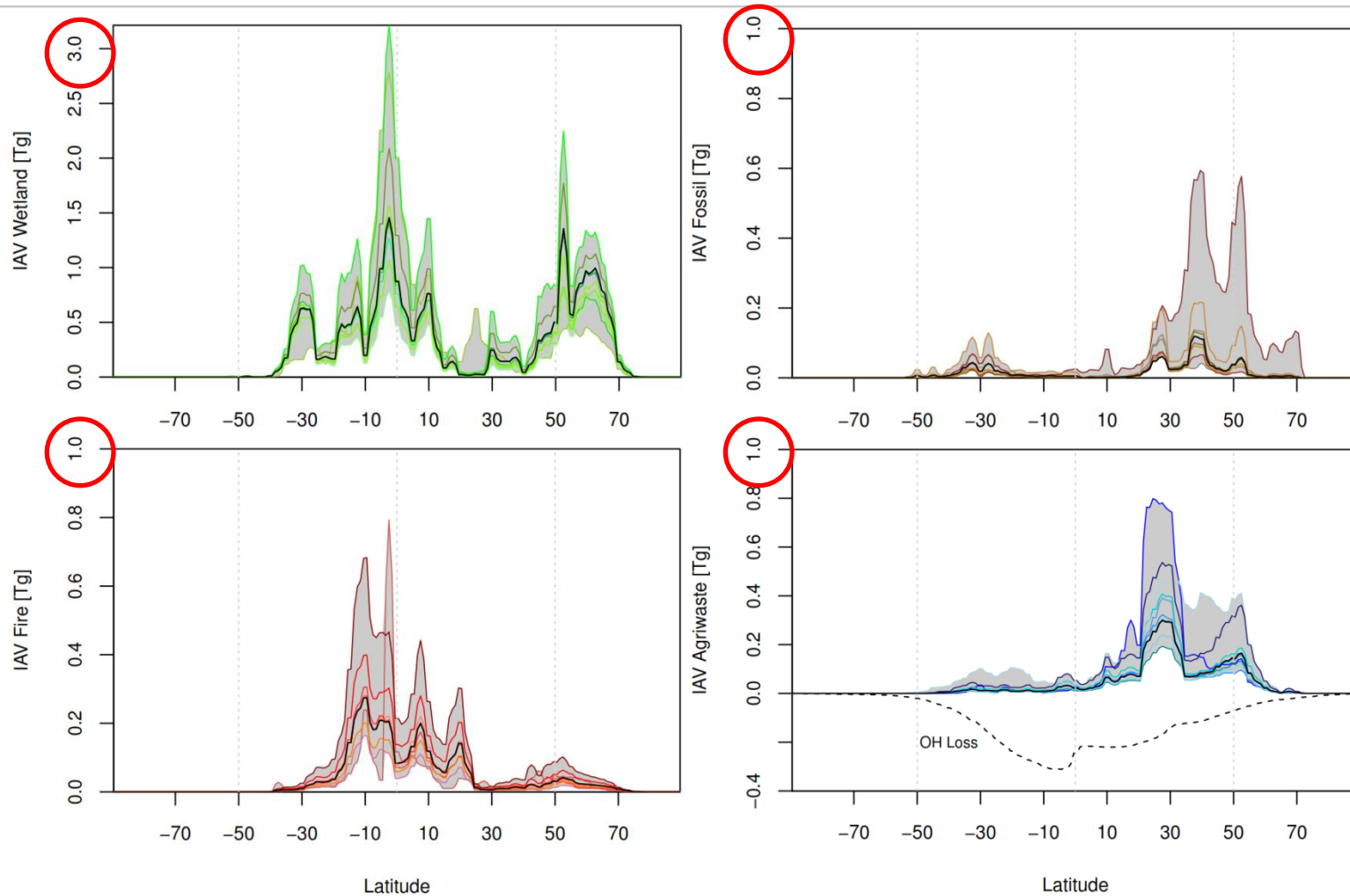
Correlation between wetland and fire flux

↳ LPJ Methane – GFEDv3

CORREL – GFED3_BBG_HODSON_wetlands



Interannual Variability



Inversion Results - Totals

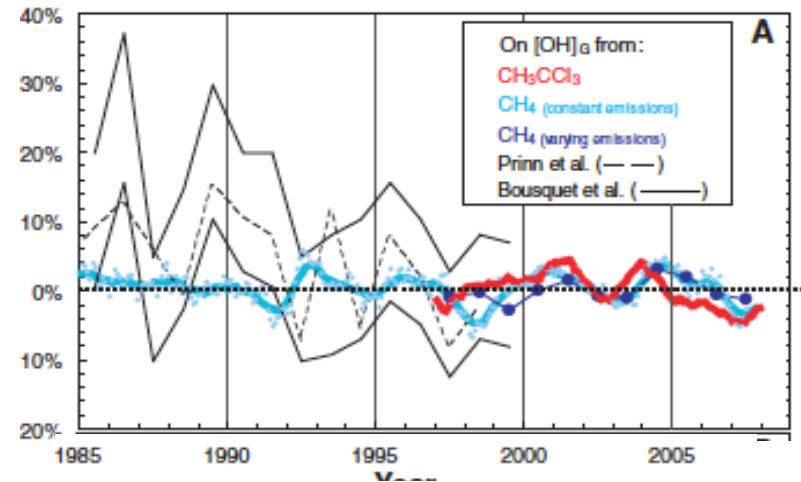
	1984-1989	1990-1999	2000-2008	
Average Atmospheric Concentration	1671.8±43.5	1759.8±20.9	1796.9±6.9	Data from NOAA, CSIRO, and LSCE atmospheric networks
Average Atmospheric Growth Rate	12.5±2.2	7.6±3.4	4.8±2.2	
Total Sources	537.7	535.9 533.0	537.8 533.2 540.5 517.7	Bousquet et al. 2011 PYVAR-SAC Inversion (Pison et al. 2009)
Total Anthropogenic Sources	337.3	333.4	336.2 354.0 319.9	Houweling et al. (in prep.)
Total Natural Sources	200.3	202.5	201.6 186.5 197.8	Bruhwiller et al. (in prep.)
Total Sinks			-525.0	

Inversion Results – By Category

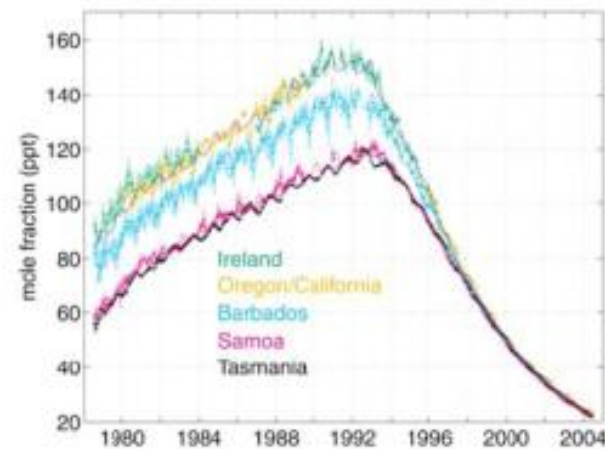
	1984-1989	1990-1999	2000-2008	
Wetlands	163.7	165.3	163.2 164.0 184.0	Bousquet et al. 2011 Houweling et al. (in prep.)
Biomass Burning	32.2	33.5	34.7 25.0 13.8	Bruhwiller et al. (in prep.)
Fossil Fuel	118.2	117.7	117.4 122.0 78.2	
Agriculture/Waste	187.0	182.2	184.1 207.0 241.8	

OH Sink

- Optimized using Methyl Chloroform proxy
- Small variations inferred for 2000-2009 (<5%) by recent Montzka paper
- Small variations also inferred by atmospheric chemistry models
- Large variations (5-10%) inferred for 1980-2000 by Prinn et al. (2005) and Bousquet et al. (2005)
- Convergence for the 2000s?



Montzka et al., 2011



Prinn et al., 2005

Conclusions

- ↘ First attempt at a regular update of the CH₄ global budget within GCP
- ↘ Elements of the budget have been identified, initial data gathering has started and will continue
- ↘ Data analysis and synthesis of top-down and bottom-up approaches
- ↘ First budget release planned for end of this year, together with CO₂ budget

Thank you.

List of contributors (so far):

↘ Sander Houweling, Lori Bruhwiler, Bruno Ringeval, Elke Hodson, Ben Poulter, Renato Spahni, Guido van der Werf

Your contribution

↘ You want to contribute your ideas, data, model results to this GCP activity?

↘ Please contact Stefanie Kirschke (stefanie.kirschke@lsce.ipsl.fr)

↘ **Planet Under Pressure 2012:** Methane in the Climate System – The Basic Science and Reduction, Adaptation and Mitigation Strategies
Abstract deadline: September 16, 2011