

Introduction

Christophe Grenier

Coupled Thermo-Hydro processes



Rowland et al 2010

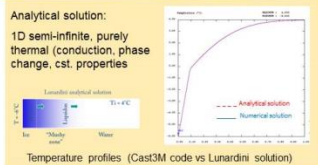
- Open field (in situ process studies)
- Non-linear coupled equations with steep fronts due to phase change
- Modeling issues, code improvement and validation
 1. Cases with analytical solutions
 2. Intercompare on academic cases
 3. Confront with experiments
 4. Confront with field data monitoring
- Validation vs calibration

Intercomparison process (McKenzie et al. 2007)

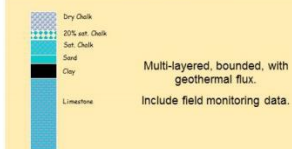


1D Thermal with advective component

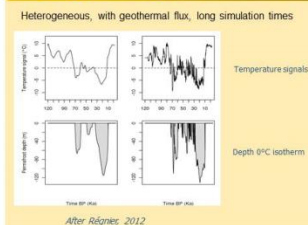
T1: Lunardini/Osterkamp



T2: Heterogeneous



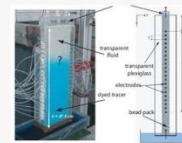
T3: geological times



Experiments in cold room

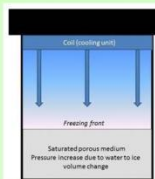


Facility at GEOPS with controlled room temperature



Lekmine et al. 2011

T → P: 1D P ↑



Coupled system of TH equations

Darcy water flow equation

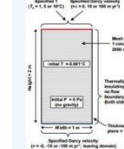
$$\left(S_w \frac{\partial \rho_w}{\partial p} \right) \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} = \nabla \cdot \left[\rho_w K_w \nabla p \right] + \nabla \cdot \left[\rho_w K_w \nabla z \right] - \left(\varepsilon (\rho_w - \rho_i) \frac{\partial S_w}{\partial T} \right) \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + Q_w$$

Heat transfer equation

$$\left(\rho_w S_w c_p + \rho_i S_i c_i + (1 - \varepsilon) \rho_s c_s \right) \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \nabla \cdot \left[\lambda \nabla T \right] + \nabla \cdot \left[h_w \rho_w K_w \nabla p + h_w \rho_w K_w \nabla z \right] - \frac{\partial S_w}{\partial t} (\rho_w L) - \left(h_w S_w \frac{\partial (\rho_w c_p)}{\partial p} \right) \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} + Q_t$$

The system is similar to the one of (McKenzie et al., 2007)

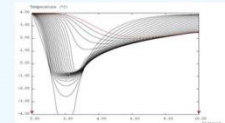
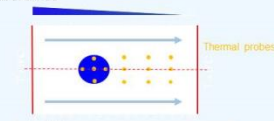
TH1: Kurylyk & Lunardini



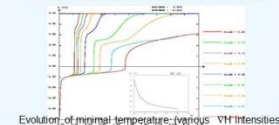
Analytical solutions including constant advection

TH2: Frozen inclusion

An initially 2D cold ($T < 0^\circ\text{C}$) permafrost inclusion is present within a uniform water flow ($T > 0^\circ\text{C}$).
Performance measurements are: 1°) time for the minimum system temperature to reach 0°C , 2°) temperature profiles along main axis for a set of control times



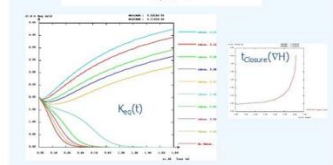
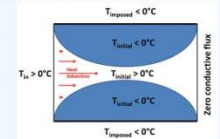
Longitudinal temperature profiles (Cast3M code)



Evolution of minimal temperature for various VH intensities

TH3: Talik evolution

An initially 2D cold ($T < 0^\circ\text{C}$) permafrost zone is present within a uniform water flow ($T > 0^\circ\text{C}$).
Imposed $T < 0^\circ\text{C}$ for upper and lower boundaries.
Performance measurements are: 1°) equivalent permeability evolution, 2°) time for the talik to close for weak advection levels



Evolution of minimal temperature for various VH intensities

1D Thermal

1D Thermal with impact on pressure (no motion)

2D with full TH coupling



LSCE



Now 14 codes ...

UEA University of East Anglia



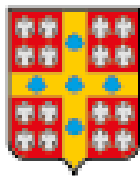
TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DARMSTADT



Stockholm
University



Kick-off Meeting, 18 – 19 Nov. 2014, Paris



UNIVERSITÉ
LAVAL



McGill



A common logo?

interfrst

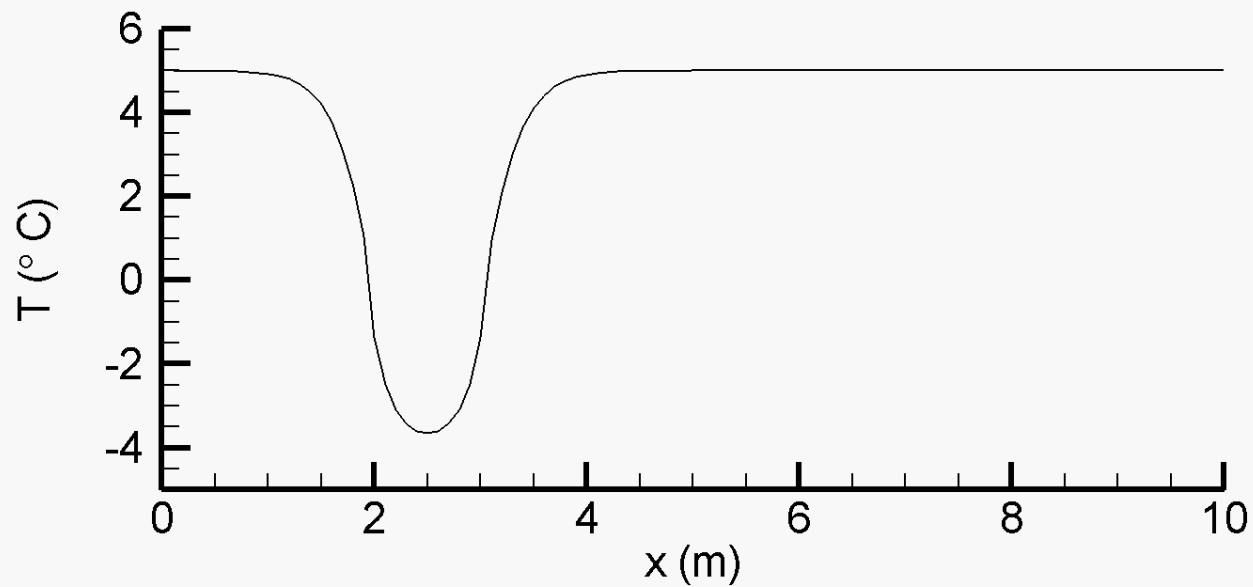
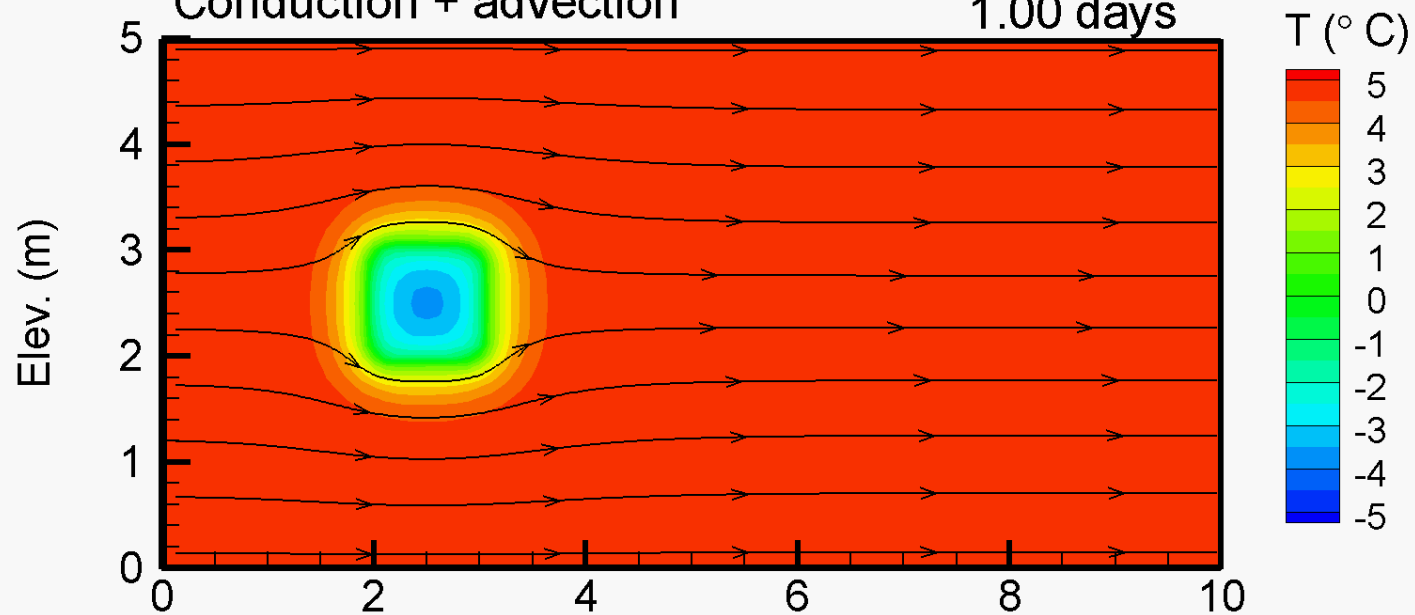
Intercompare for April 2015

- TH2 Case, Frozen inclusion thaw
- TH3 Case, Talik opening / closure

Benchmark TH2
SMOKER Model (Molson & Frind, 2014)

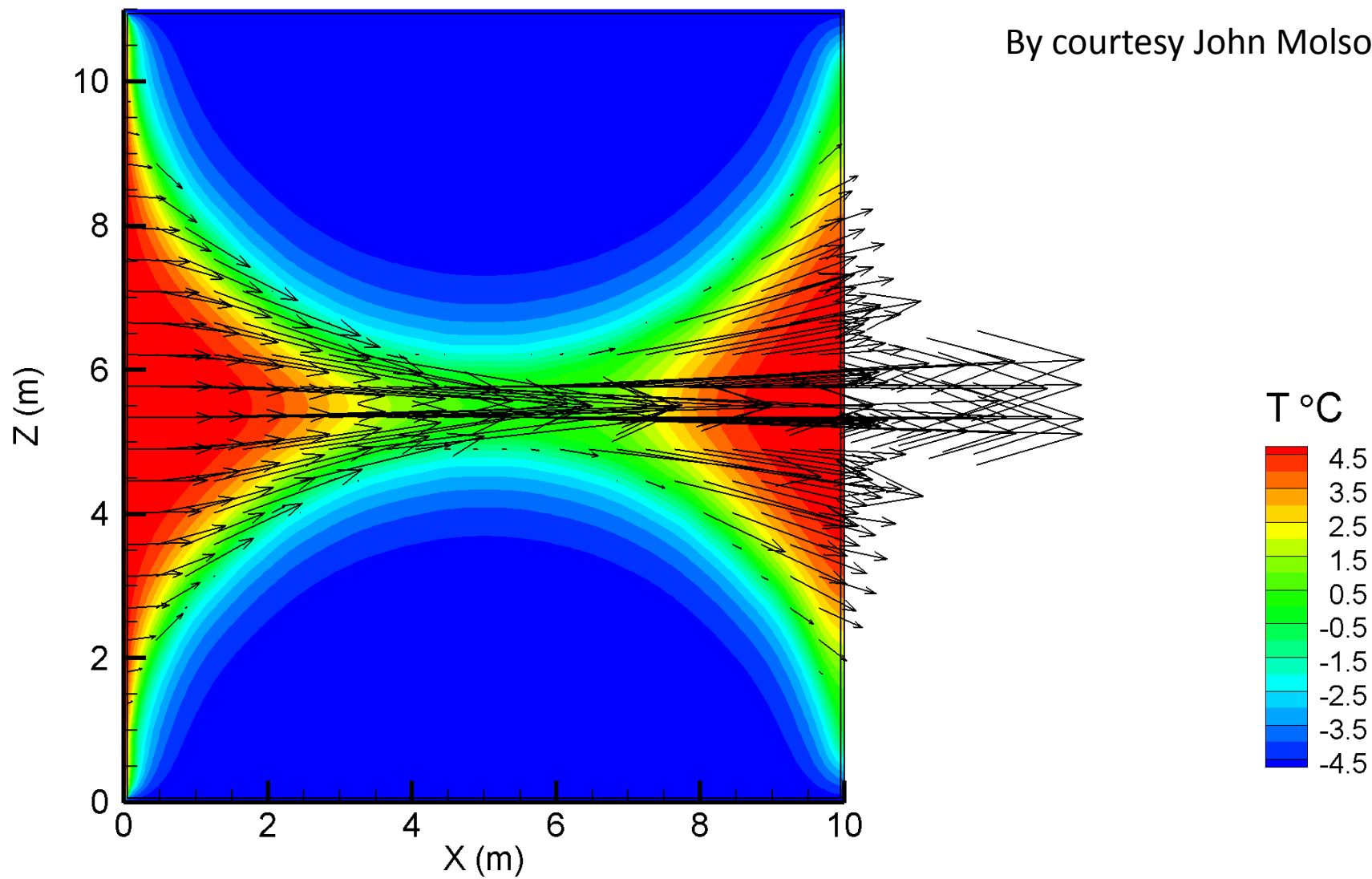
Conduction + advection

1.00 days



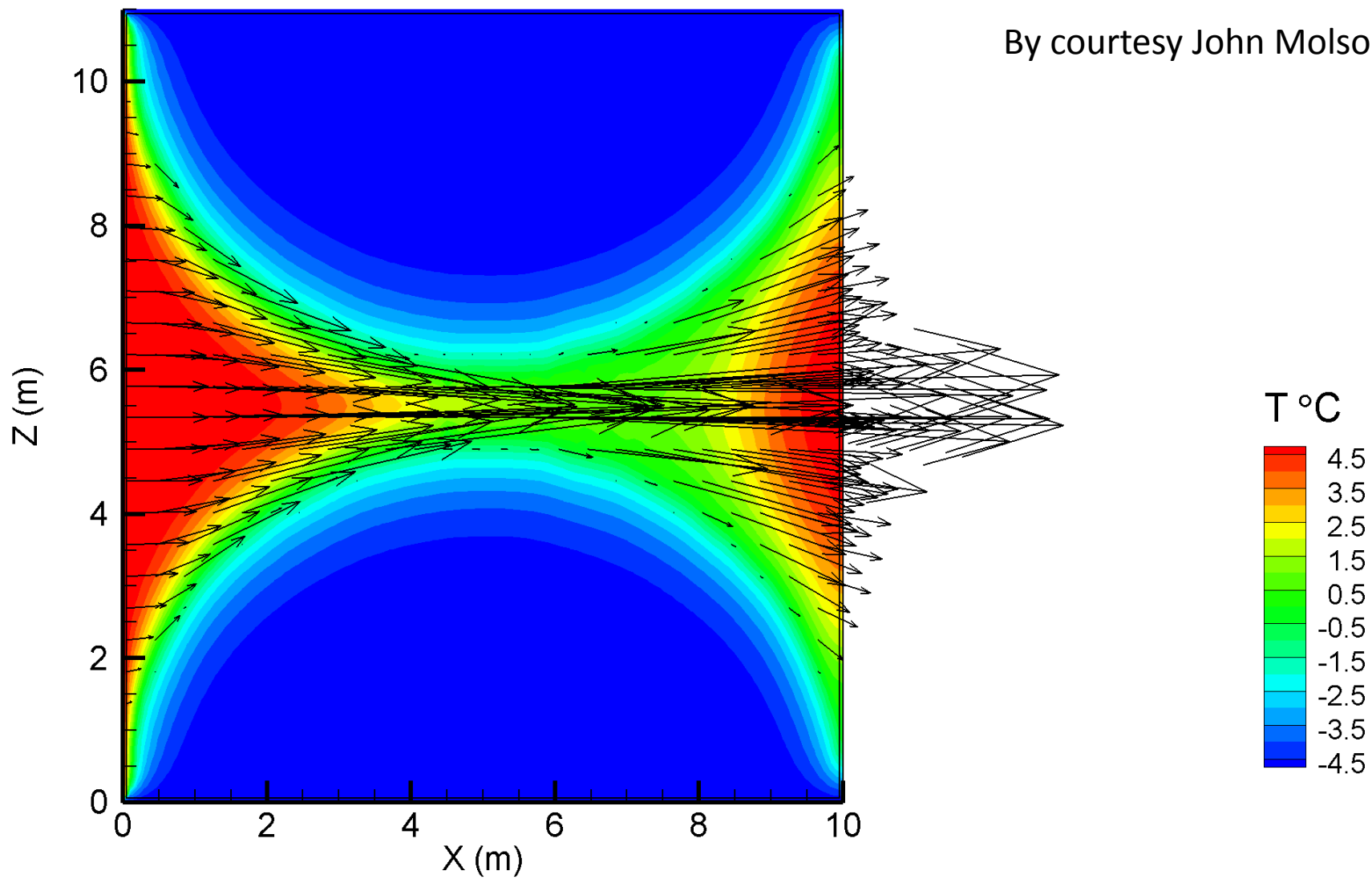
0.00 days

By courtesy John Molson



0.00 days

By courtesy John Molson



Preparation study with Cast3M

- Finite Volumes
- Picard for non-linearities and coupling
- Implicit scheme, constant time steps
- Under-relaxation to stabilize
- Base case simulations parameters:

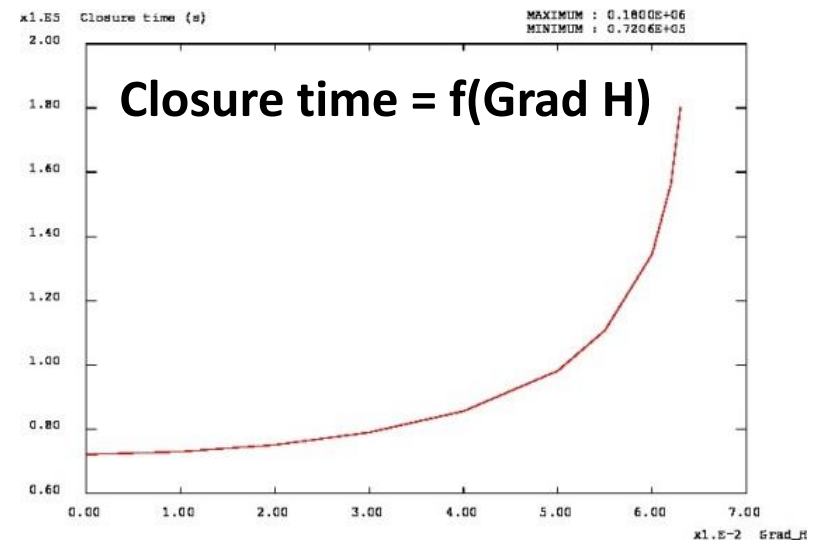
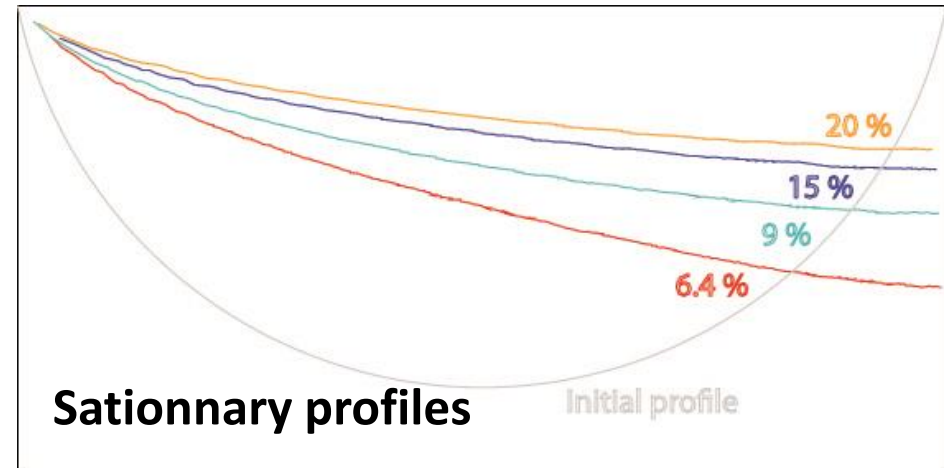
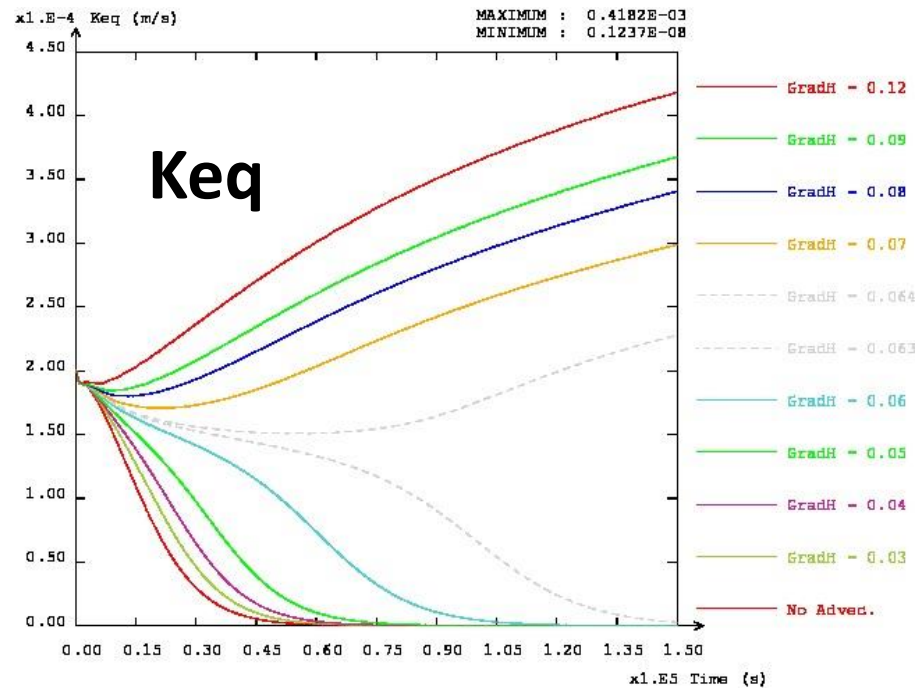
TH2

Nb Meshes	Δx	Δt	Nb time steps	CPU time	Average Nb of iterations
31014	6.94 mm	7.5 s – 60 s	3500 - 15000	38 h – 197 h	20

TH3

Nb Meshes	Average Δx	Δt	Nb time steps	CPU time (h)
17272	5.4 mm (2.7 – 7.6)	7.5 s – 60 s	3500 - 20000	> 7 h

TH2&3 preparation study : physical system considerations



TH2&3 preparation study : performance measures

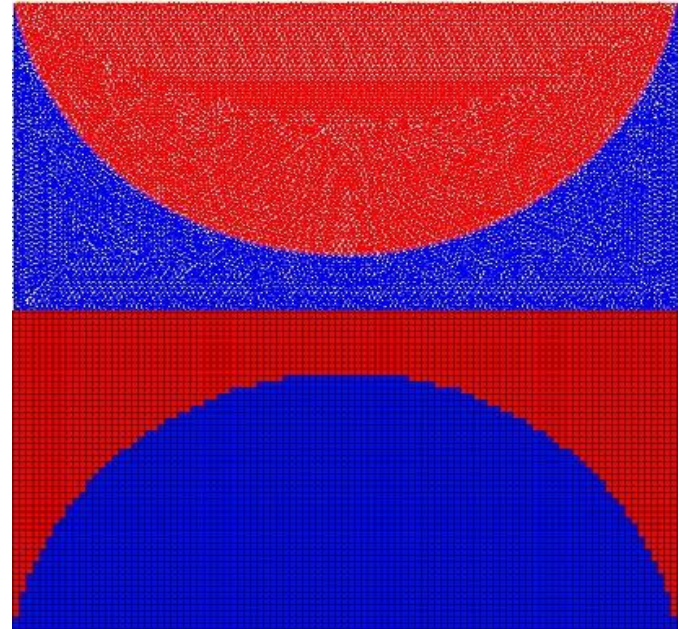
- Compare on punctual measures vs integrated (over surfaces or volumes)
- Cover range of applications (e.g. threshold, exit flux, total heat)
- How converged are the simulations on each performance measure?
- Associated level of uncertainty for simulation results

TH2&3 preparation study :

convergence studies

- Decrease time step / refine mesh (easier on TH3): convergence achieved for both cases
- Estimate the range of variability/sensitivity for each performance measure
 - Large spatial sensitivity on TH3_PM2 (29.2%)
 - Large temporal sensitivity on TH2_PM1 (7.2%)
- Good base for confidence in the results ... but not conducted for large levels of head gradients where problems can be expected!
- Did you carry on convergence tests?

Where do we expect a larger dispersion of results?



Case TH2 - “Frozen Inclusion”	Time for total thaw	Total Heat Flux after $9 \cdot 10^4$ s	Total water volume after $4 \cdot 10^4$ s
Δx sensitivity range	1.4 %	1.2 %	0.015 %
Δt sensitivity range	7.2 %	0.6 %	0.05 %

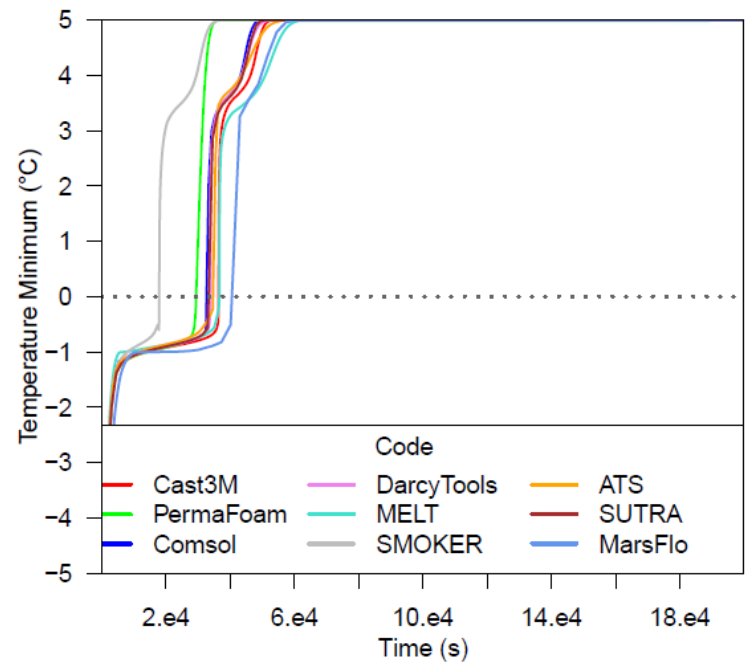
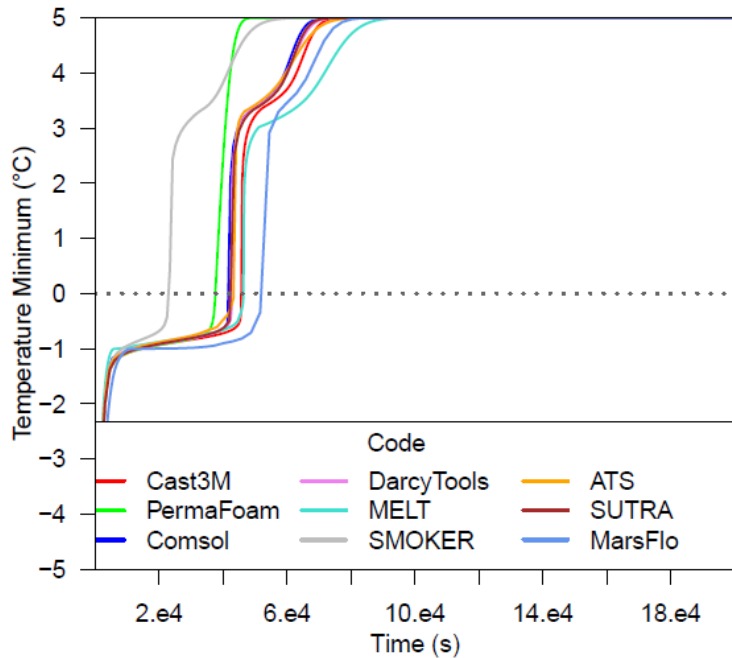
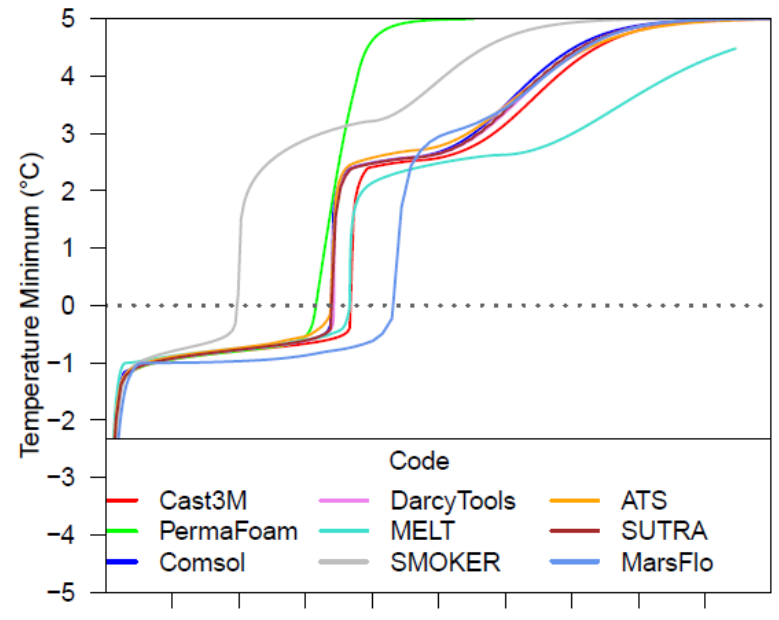
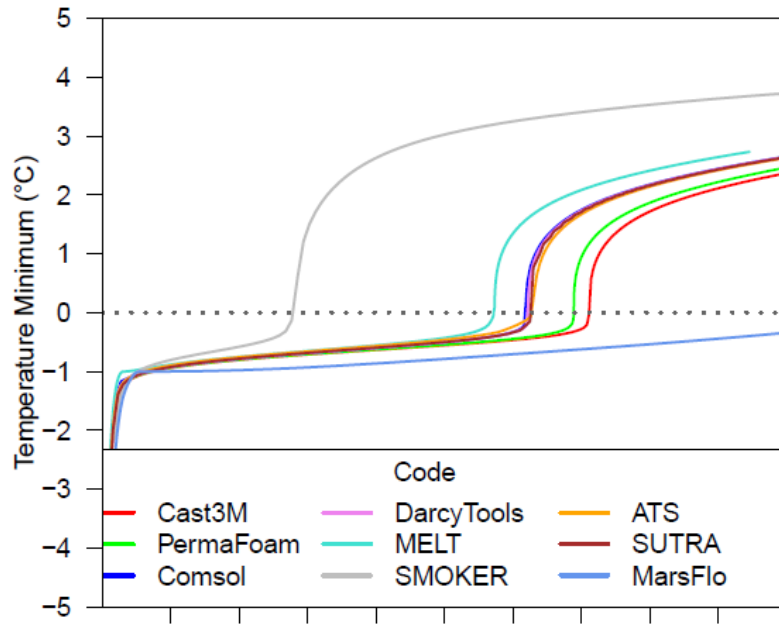
Case TH3 - “Talík Opening/Closure”	Closure time	Upper Flux after $3 \cdot 10^4$ s	Total Heat after $3 \cdot 10^4$ s
Δx sensitivity range	0.7 %	29.2 %	0.03 %
Δt sensitivity range	3.4 %	0.6 %	0.2 %

interfrost Intercomparison Results

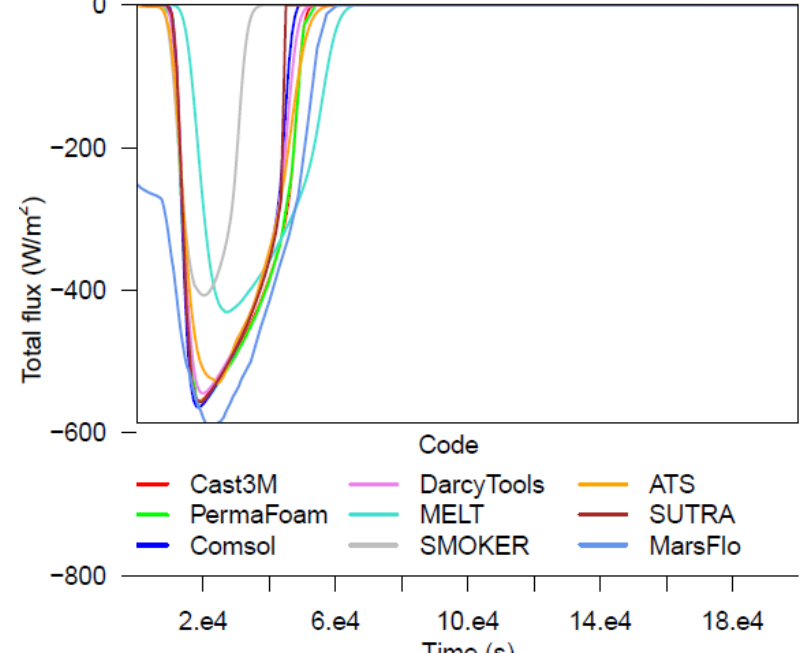
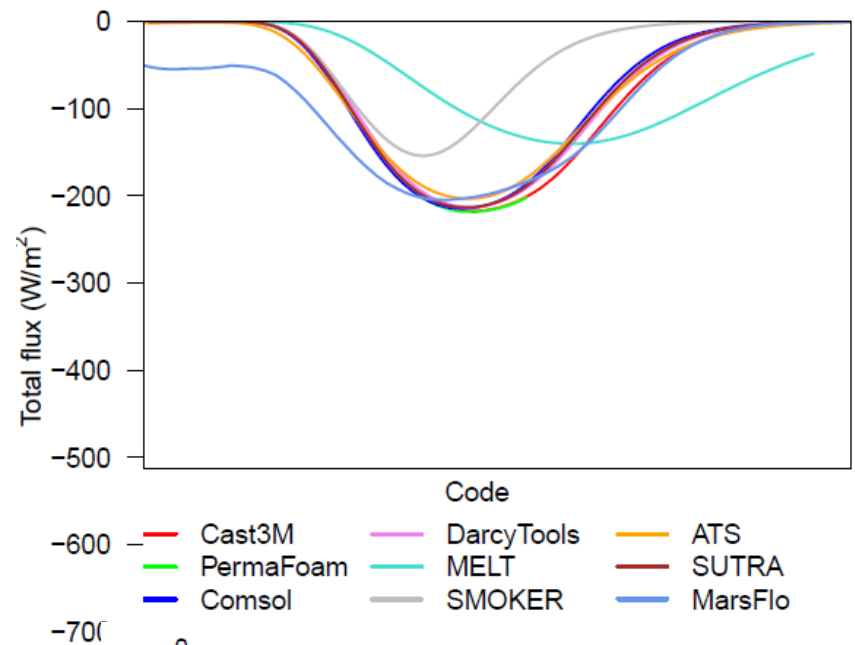
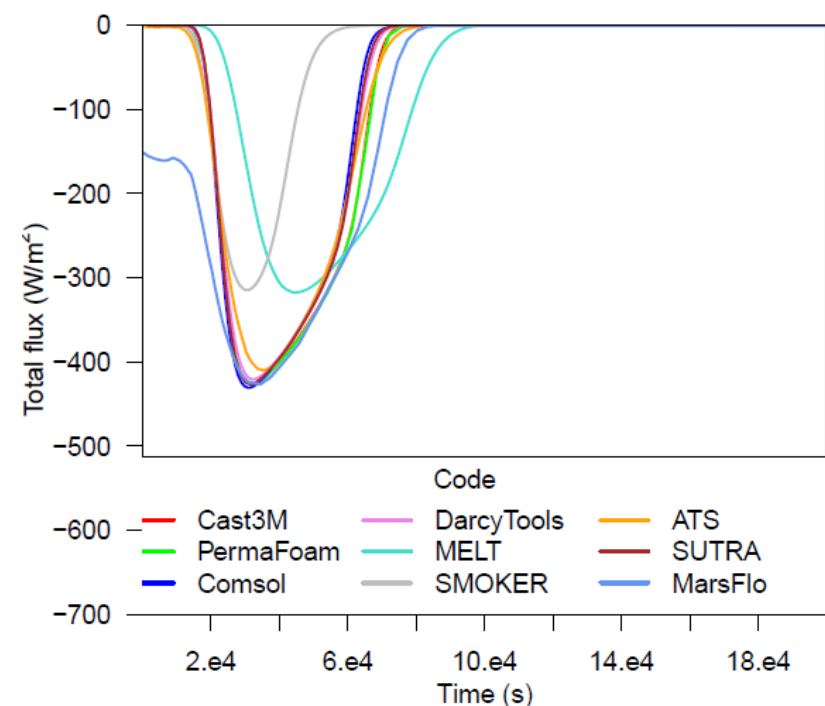
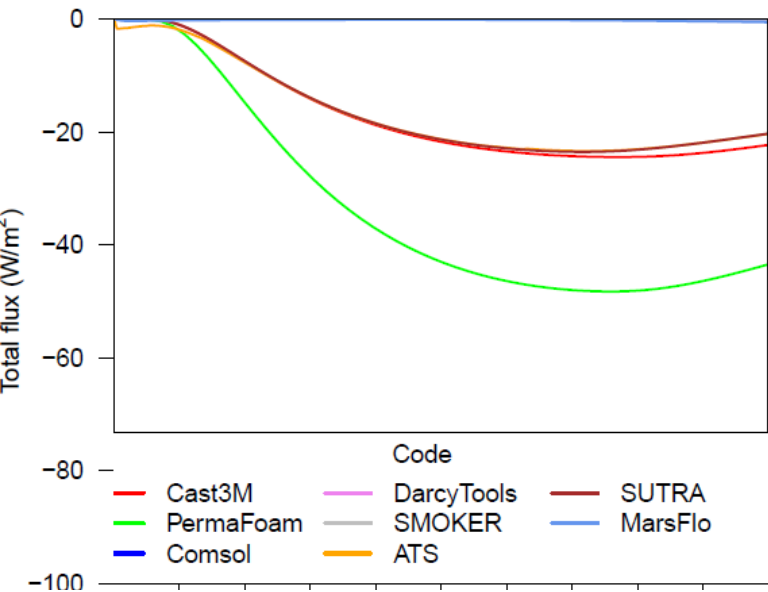
 Cast3M	 DarcyTools	 ATS
 PermaFoam	 MELT	 SUTRA
 Comsol	 SMOKER	 MarsFlo

Paris, 9-10 April 2015

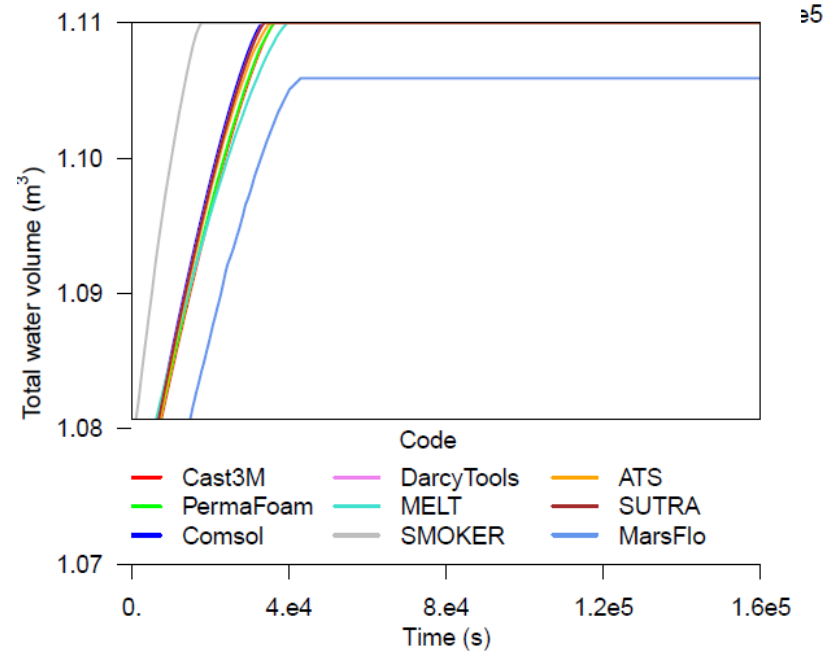
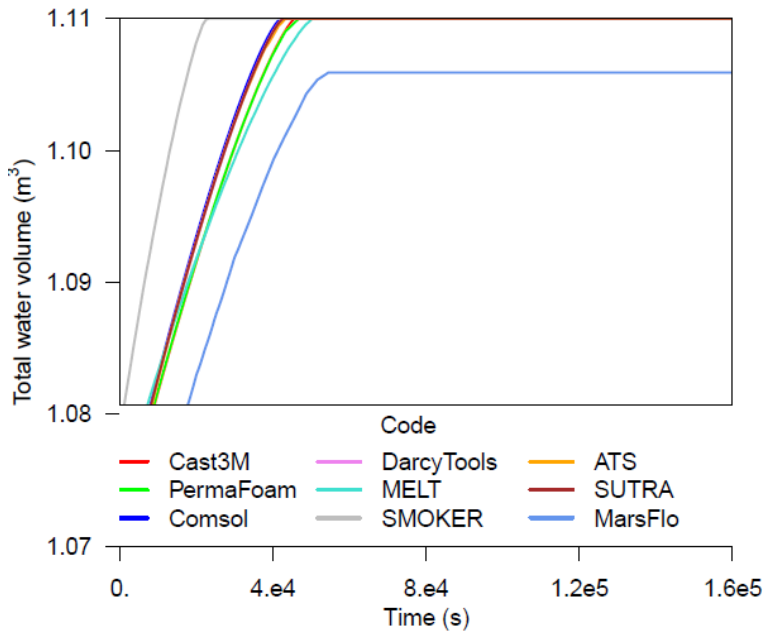
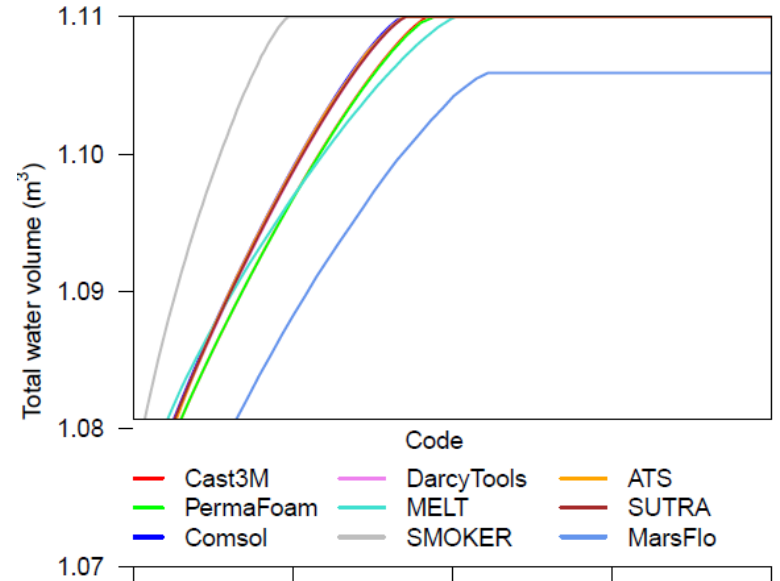
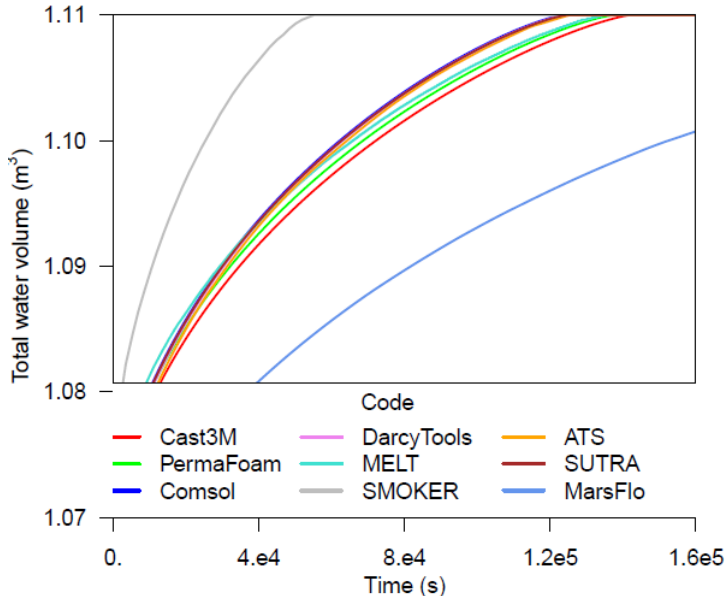
TH2_PM1 : Tmin(t)



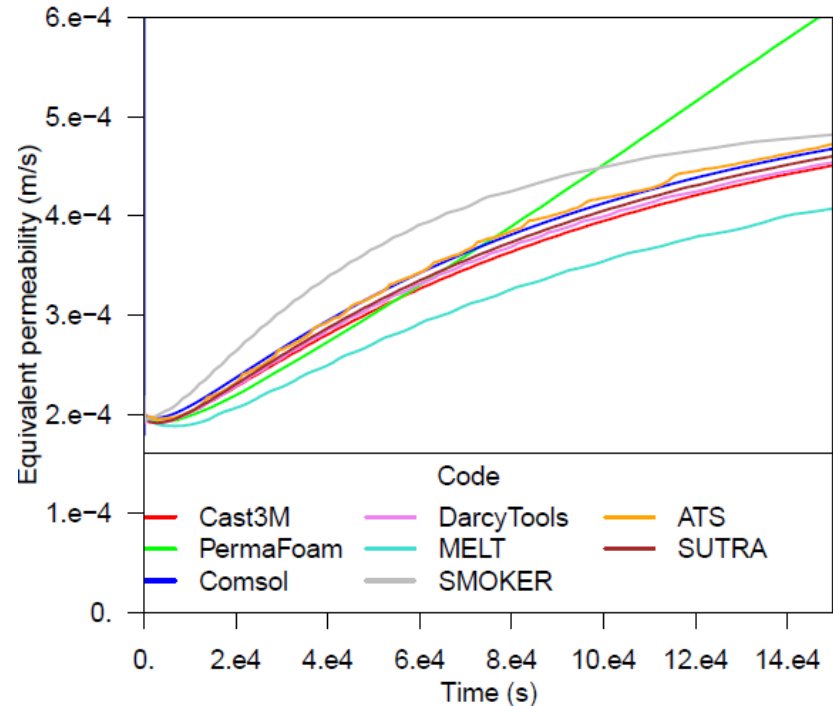
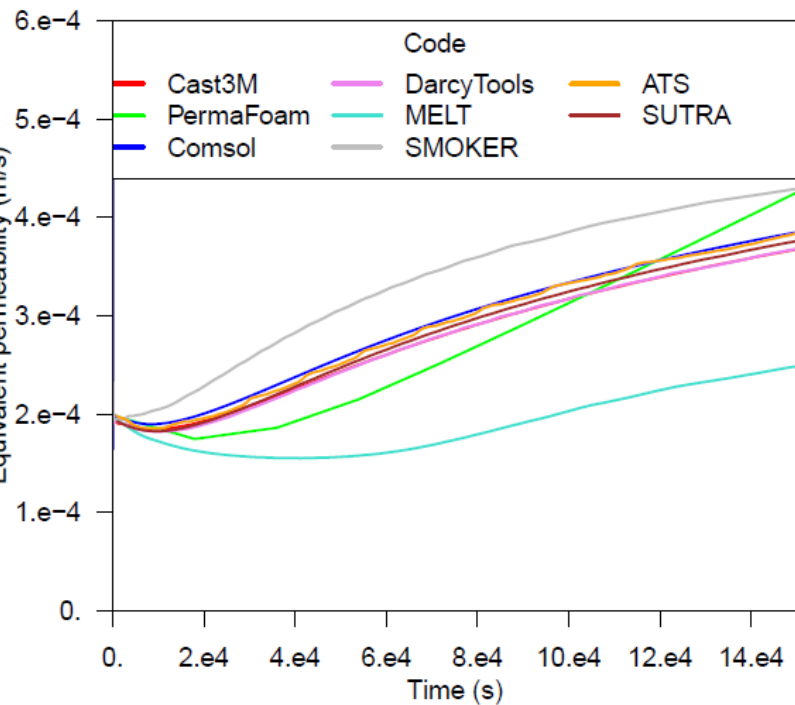
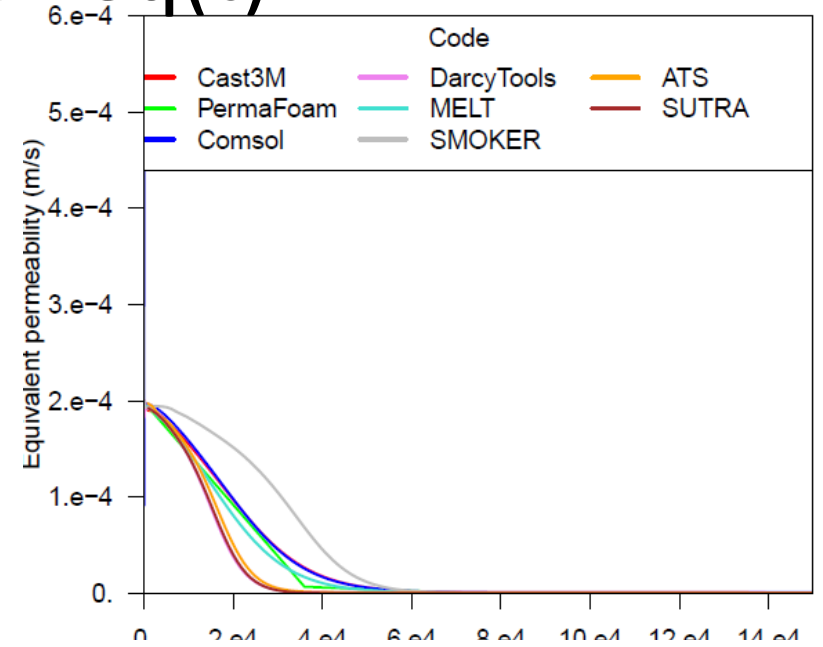
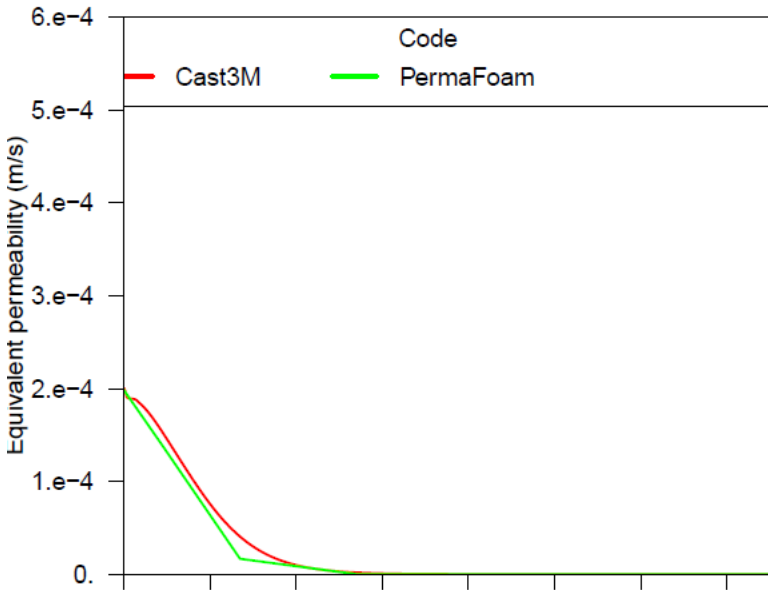
TH2_PM2 : FLux(t)



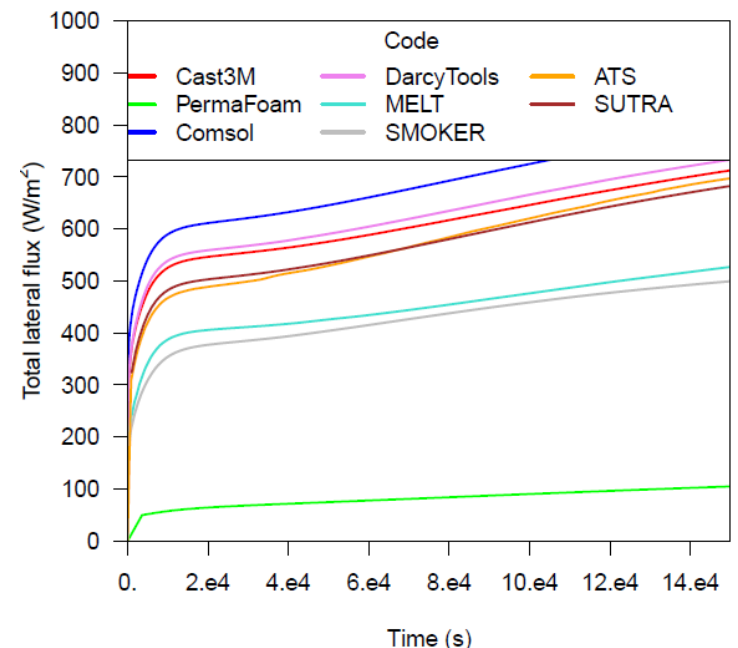
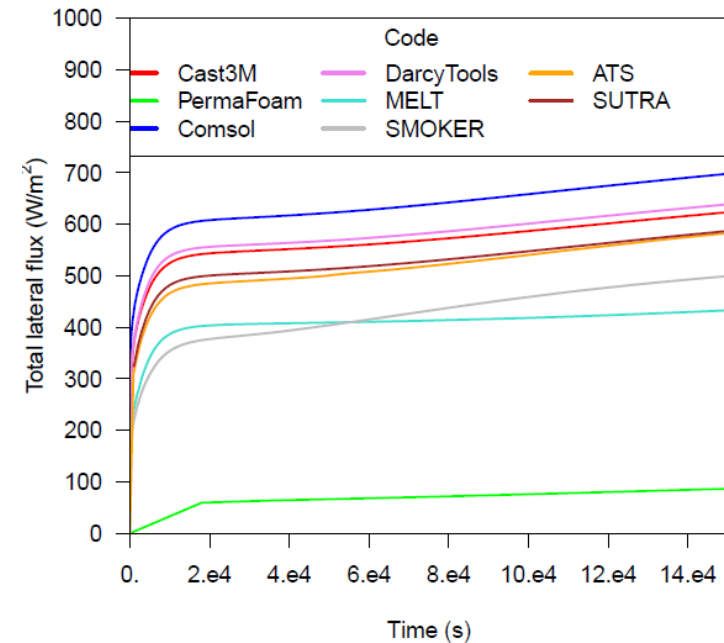
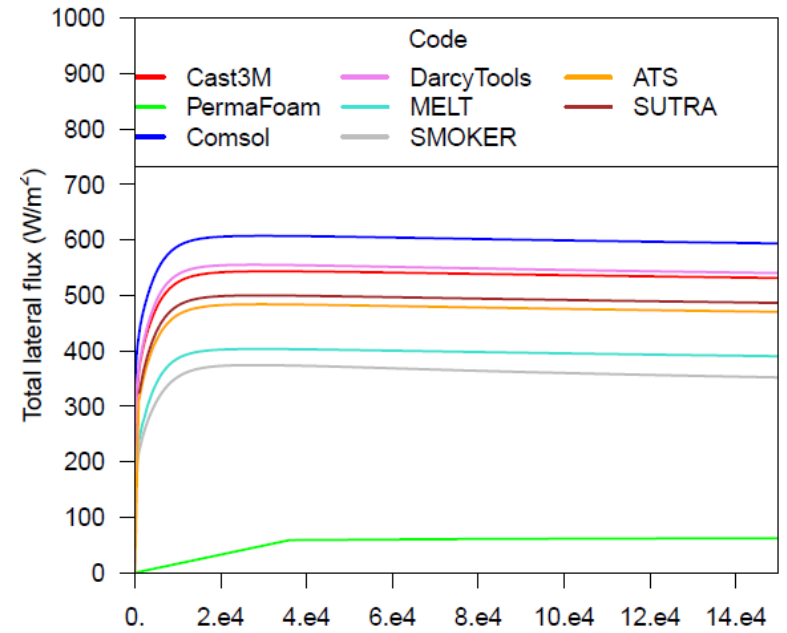
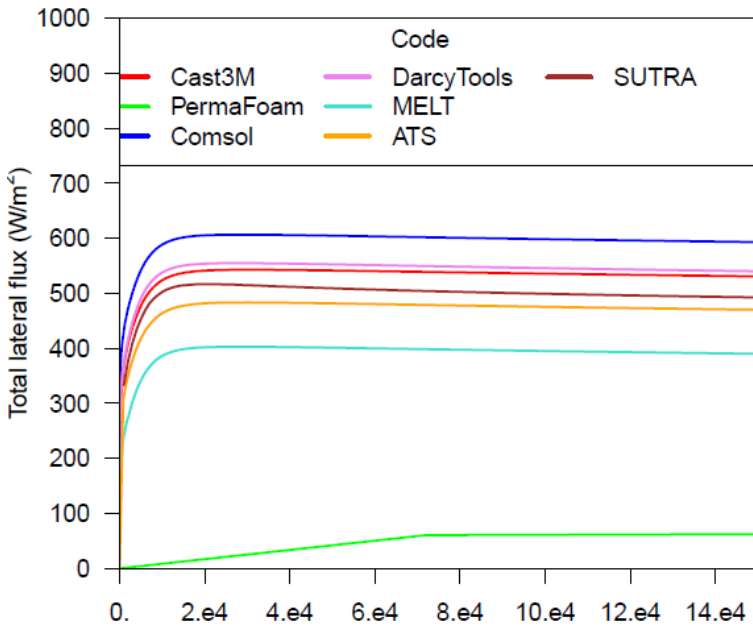
TH2_PM3 : Water volume(t)



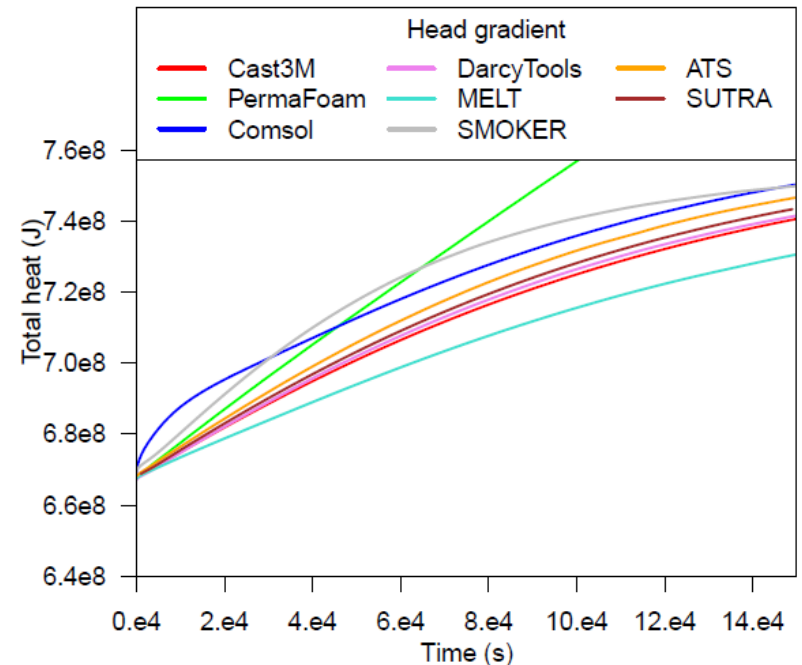
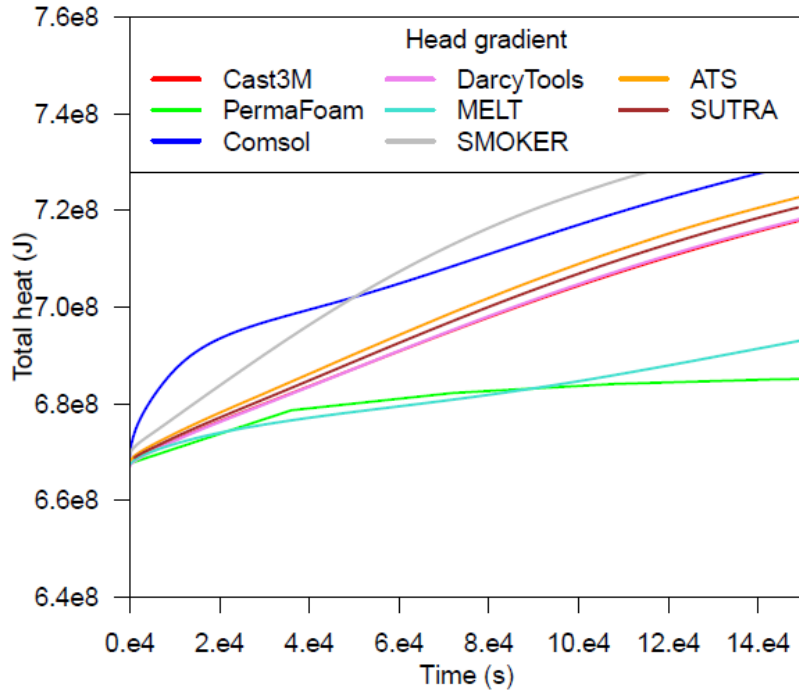
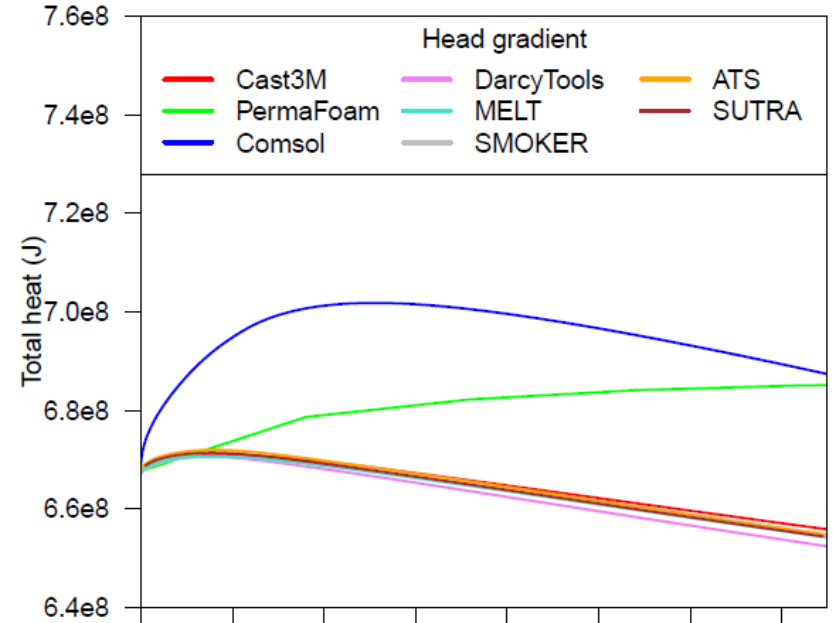
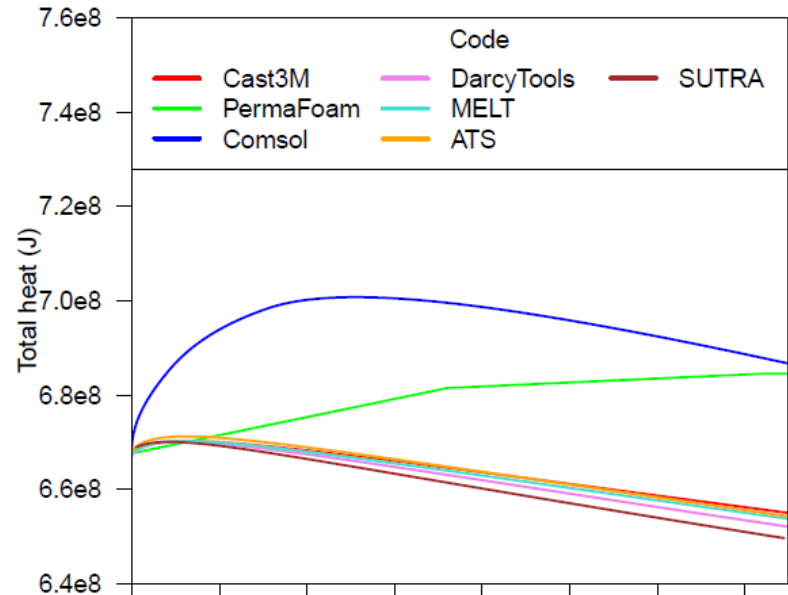
TH3_PM1 : Keq(t)



TH3_PM2 : InFluxes(t)



TH3_PM3 : Total Heat(t)



Lab. experiments

1. Associated with TH2, frozen inclusion
2. Pressure increase with the freezing front
(Nicolas Roux)

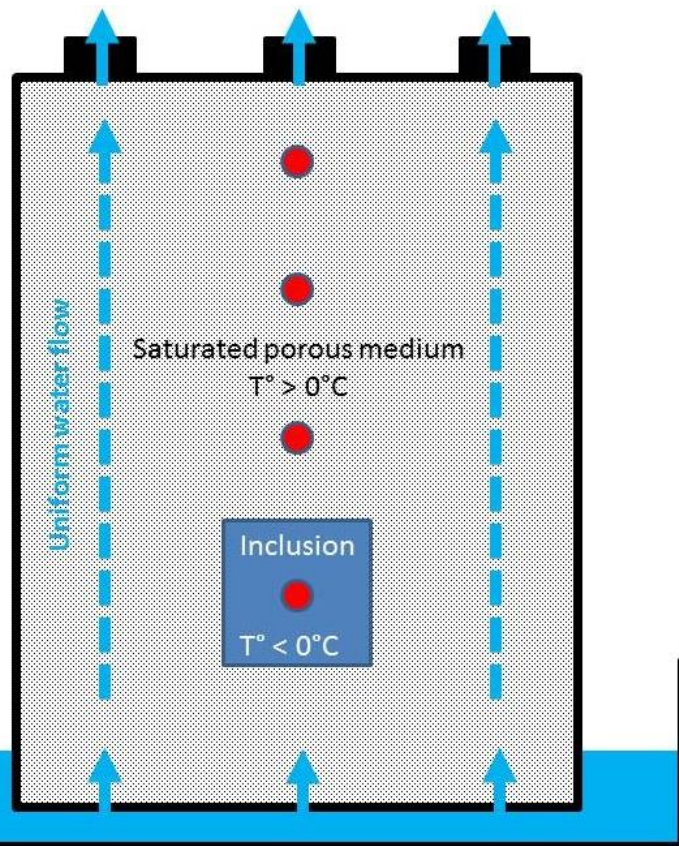
Lab. Experiment TH2 « Frozen Inclusion »

collaboration GEOPS (F. Costard, T. Ali)

Monitoring of temperature (in the inclusion & downstream)

Monitoring of water flow rate

Measurement of transport velocity with tracer tests



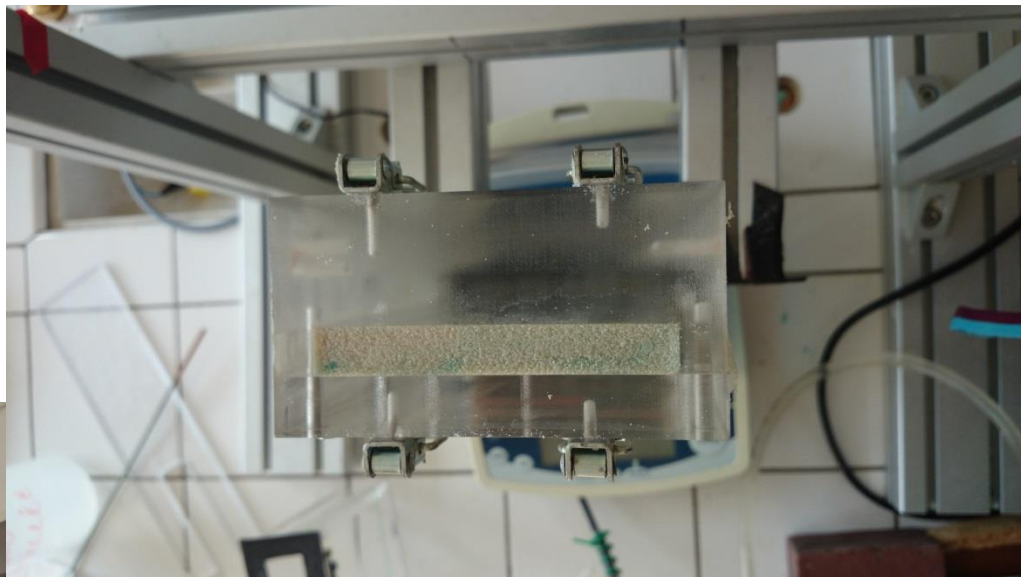
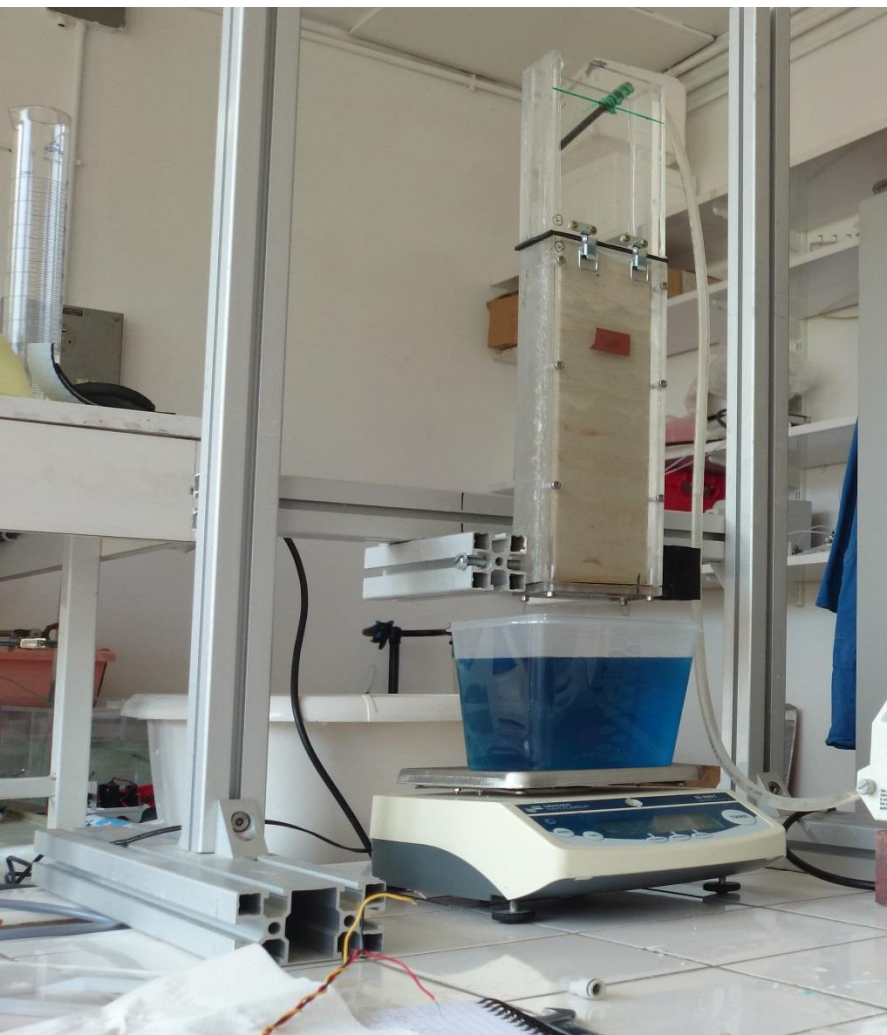
« controlled conditions »?

Side heat losses (minimized with insulation & cold room conditions)

Initial conditions « smooth »

Control homogeneity of the porous medium (saturation & porosity)

Ongoing study ...

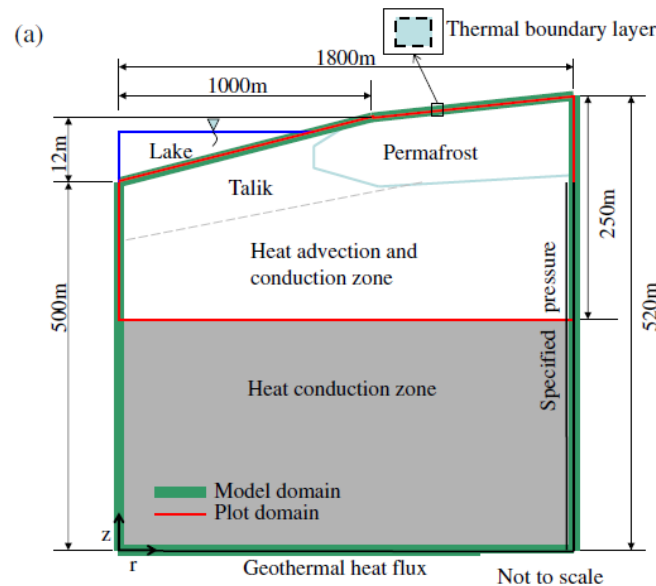


Funding

- InterFrost funded till end 2014 by French INSU EC2CO (kick off meeting supported)
- Lab experiments funded by IPSL till end 2015
- Funding is further required to organize meetings and for participants
 - Clic (for travel costs, formerly accepted but now restrained to purely « climate » issues)
 - IPA action groups (identify outcomes, 30 April 2015) « ... these groups have limited terms and focus on clearly defined research outputs like maps, science plans or datablases ... ».
 - Case of Guido Grosse (Research Coordination Network on Vulnerability of Permafrost Carbon – Thermokarst Working Group)
 - French « Chantier Arctique » project proposing to integrate the climate community with next step including Richards equations

Academic though « Practical » cases

- **Case of Guido Grosse (Research Coordination Network on Vulnerability of Permafrost Carbon – Thermokarst Working Group): database of cases of systems under climate change**
 - Simple lake system (Rowland et al. 2011; Wellman et al 2013)



- **Other cases possible: cut in a water catchment**

Next steps

- Paper about TH2 and TH3
- Non saturated media
 - Revisited by Painter recently for experiments (esp. Mizogushi)
 - Paper by Barret Kurylyk
- Experiments (running ones, others)
- Field data ?
 - System in North Quebec with John
 - System in Siberia with Christophe

Schedule?

- Paper about TH2 and TH3
- Non saturated media
 - Revisited by Painter recently for experiments (esp. Mizogushi)
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Actions for TH2&3 (1)

- Provide a mathematical expression for all performance measures, revisit their names, remove the TH3_PM1 0% case
- Please revisit your results considering a spatial and temporal convergence analysis. Maybe the mesh size / time steps are not sufficiently small
- PM corresponding with Threshold times with estimation bounds/range
- Provide your mesh size, time steps ... to fill a big table
- Clarify the situation in TH3_PM1 by adding a new PM: point temperature evolution within the talik zone (**precise!**)
 - Needs a pre study ? Devoted to a sub-group ? Chris & Jeff
 - Other issue with oscillations (see T1 or TH1 rather?)
 - Two points depending on the regime
 - Plot profiles $\text{time} = \text{threshold}/2$. for all
- Push codes further? Increase velocities ? Steeper freezing & permeab. curves? Variable boundaries inside the domain? Limit in term of computational time? Limit in terms of minimum time step? Directions of limits (steeper when w smaller)
- Include dependence study on w? Yes (-4°C, base, the smaller we can make)
- Provide the curves threshold as a function of gradH?
- Add a 6% gradient ? Value at the threshold like 6.4%

Actions for TH2&3 (2) & schedule

- Provide all results by end of June (all)
- Send a **paper structure** (now, finalized CG, beginning July)
- Send compilation with first line of thoughts shared (CG, soon)
 - About the need for converged results
 - What have we learnt
 - Approaches/discretization/limits ...
 - Make convergence studies !!!!!
 - The ways to obtain it (Fouriers, CFL and spatial and temporal convergence tests)
 - Include Peclets numbers ... understand TH3 ... Barret.
 - Local refinements, massively parallel methods ...
 - About discrepancies in the physics implemented in the codes
 - About the different types of PM (various spatial integration levels)
 - ...
- Watch that all questionnaires are filled and made available

Next meetings?

- First have draft paper and experiments (end of June) sufficiently advanced
- Prepare an overview of future tasks
- Meet then

IPA action group call

- Submit as existing with production of validation test cases
- Provide guidance, experience on numerics and processes reassessment
- When is advection important ? Guidelines ...
- Help from Jennifer ... & Barret

Future tasks

- Experiments in cold room
- Field data (monitoring, sites, ...)
- Impact of climate change on a typical unit of the landscape (a lake system)
- Large scale systems
- Revisit T2?
- Non-saturated issues

Cold room experiments

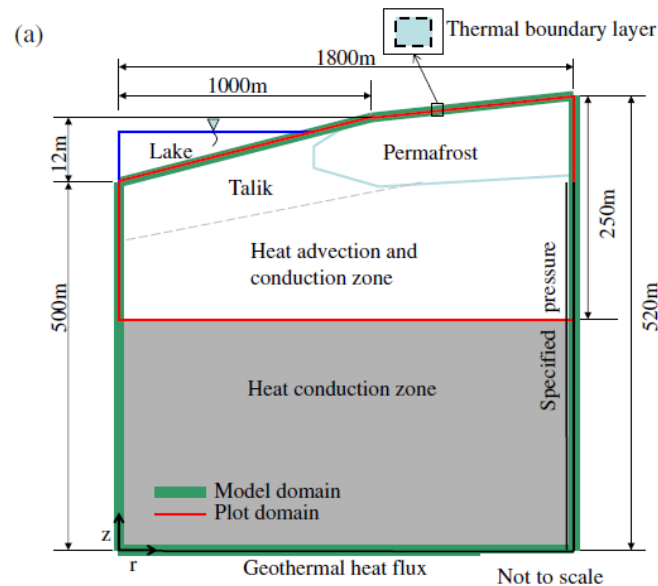
- TP case (pressure increase) ... as a first step towards mechanical issues
- TH2 case and what is proved by an experiment?
- Others ?

Field cases studies

- John's case in North Québec
 - Christophe's case in Siberia
 - Western Ontarion (Biotron) ... Jeff & Barret
-
- Compile the information for an oral presentation or one page to send to the group. Schedule : send one page of summary for summer (end of june)

Impact of climate change on a typical unit of the landscape (a lake system)

- ... Johanna, Jennifer, Cliff, John, ... side preparation



Large scale systems

- ... what do you mean ?
- How can we improve our large scales simulations knowing what we have learnt here at the small scale?
- Information loss across spatial and temporal scales ... link with T2?
- Extend Talik issue of TH3 to a larger scale « real » case?
- French-swedish case discussed (Johann, Patrik)

Revisit T2?

- Long term simulation of Permafrost depths (1D approaches at geological times)
- Heterogeneity (moisture content, include salinity affecting soil freezing properties, characteristic curves ...)
- Discuss with Johanna test cases ...

Non-saturated issues

- Scott Painter recently revisited the experiments (es. Mizogushi)
- Barret the physics behind ... review of experiments (Mizoguchi, Jame and Norum)
- What are the challenges and our added value in considering these issues?
- Differences in saturation winter/summer, Agnès post doc
- Include climate community