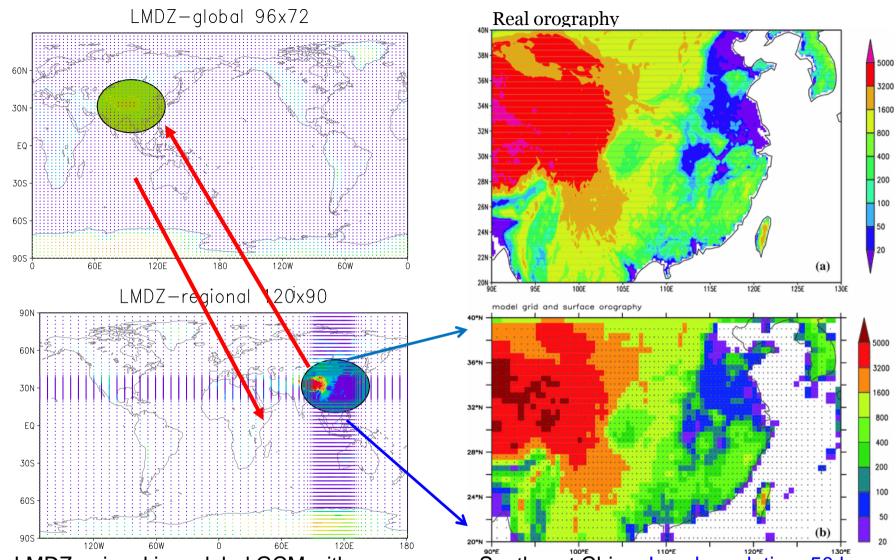
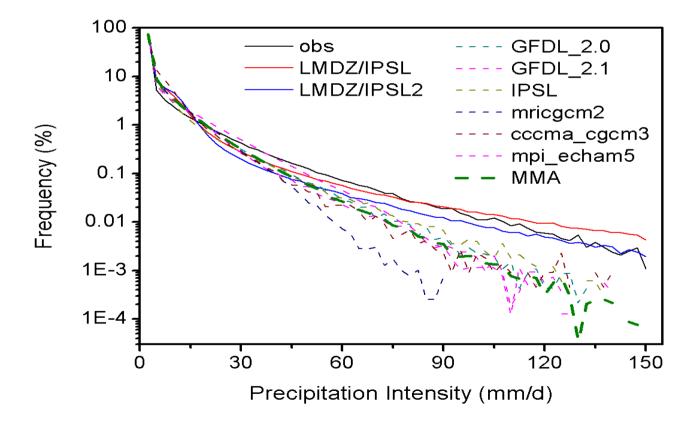
Land surface characteristics and regional climate change in China Laurent Li (李肇新) Laboratoire de Météorologie Dynamique (LMD) Institut Pierre-Simon Laplace (IPSL) CNRS, Paris, France



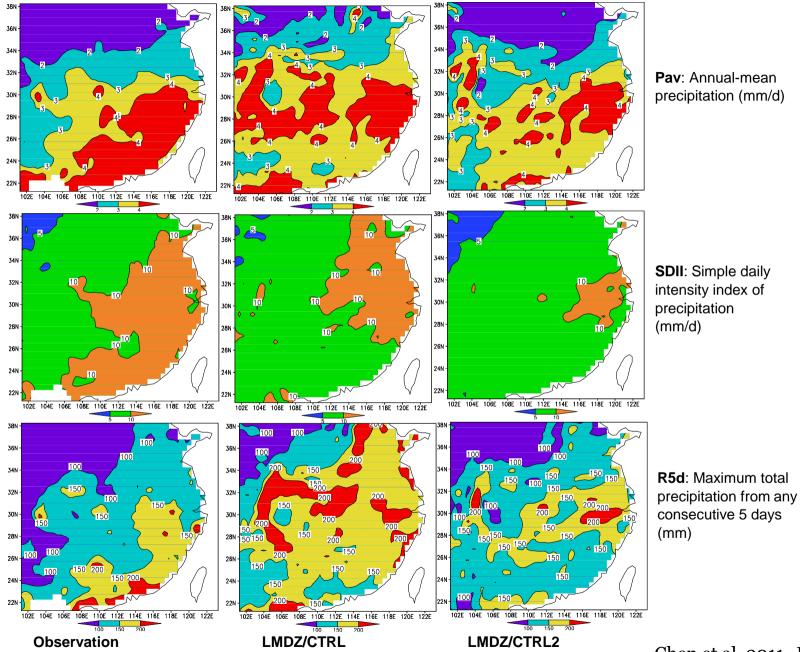
- LMDZregional is a global GCM with a zoom over Southeast China. Local resolution: 50 km.
- It is run as a regional climate model, with nudging conditions (every 6 hours) from a global model (LMDZ-g, ERA40, IPCC, etc.) at low resolution outside the zoom. The model is free to have its own behaviours inside the zoom.
- It is possible to do two-way nesting with LMDZ-global

Added values of LMDZ-regional: extremes

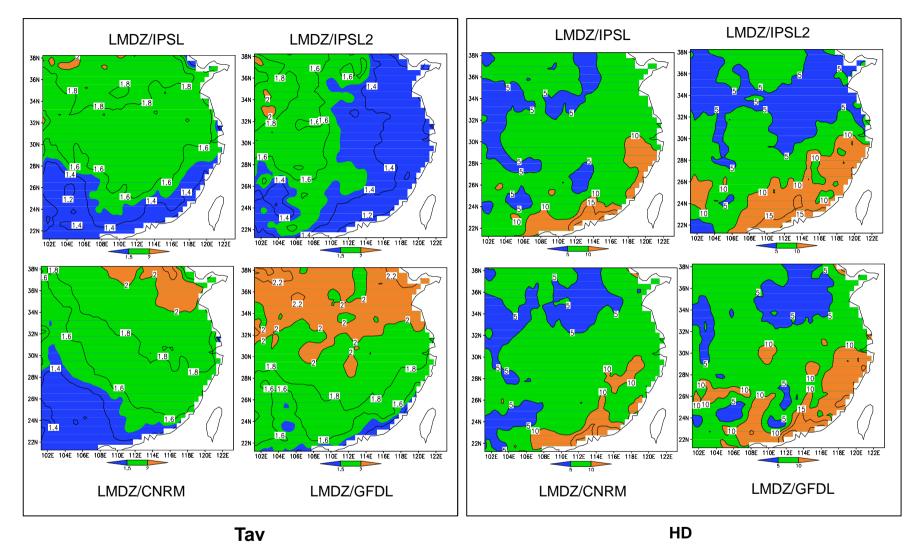
Spectral distribution of rainfall in southeast China, comparison between the observation, LMDZ/CTRL, LMDZ/CTRL2, and a few other coarse-resolution global models. Added values of high-resolution models can be clearly identified.



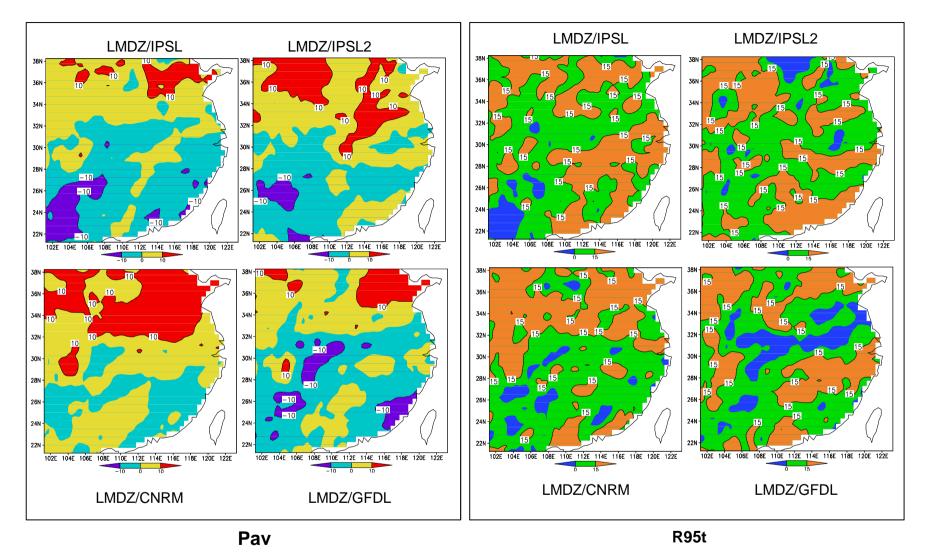
Chen et al. 2011, JCL



Chen et al. 2011, JCL



Annual-mean changes (Future - Present) of surface air temperature (Tav) and heat-wave duration (HD)



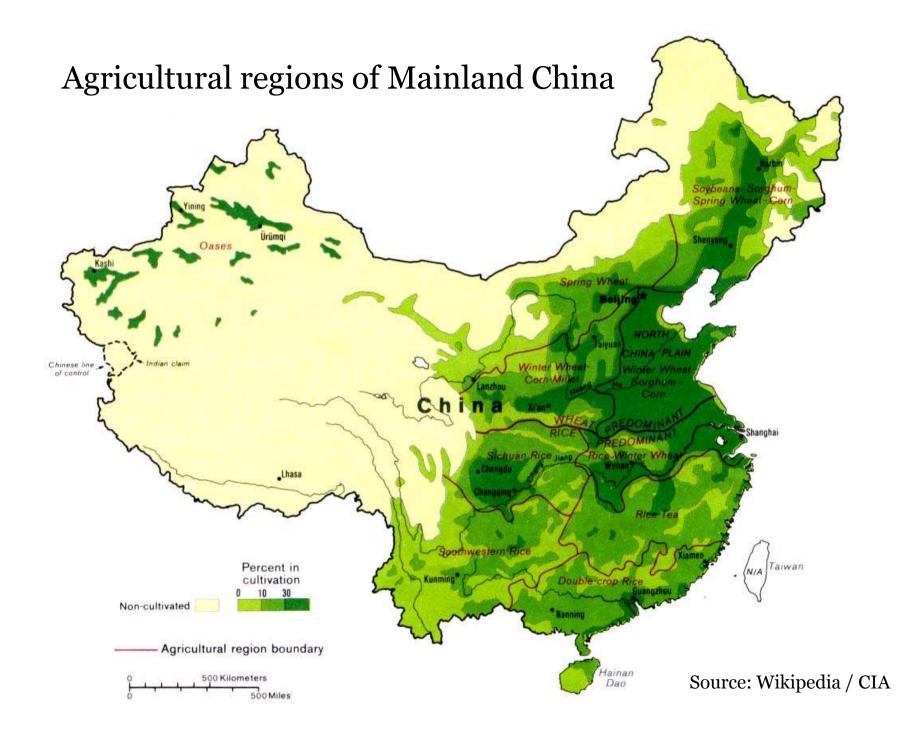
Fractional changes (Future – Present, %) of annual-mean precipitation (Pav) and heavy rainfall proportion (R95t)

A numerical study on climate effect of the urbanization in the Yangtze River Delta

Motivation: The recent Chinese economic boom is accompanied by a massive urbanization in Eastern China, to the detriment of arable lands. What impacts are expected for climate at local and large scales ?

A sensitivity study:

Change agriculture land into bare soil

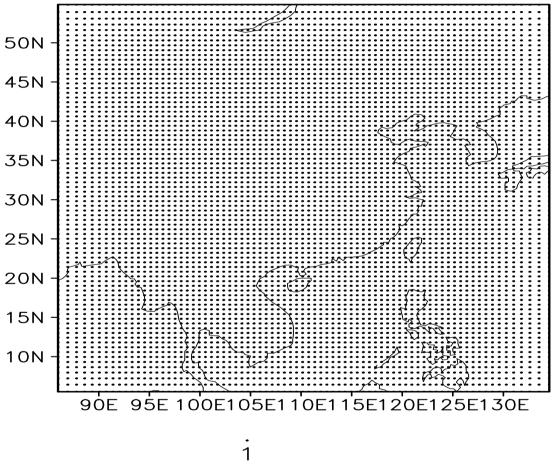


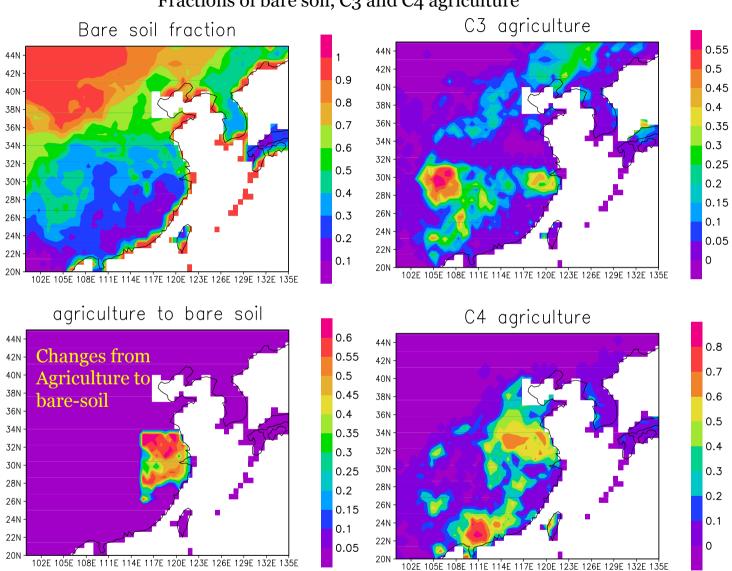
Vegetation types in ORCHIDEE:

- 1. Bare soil
- 2. Tropical broad-leaved evergreen
- 3. Tropical broad-leaved rain-green
- 4. Temperate needle-leaf evergreen 5
- 5. Temperate broad-leaved evergreen
- 6. Temperate broad-leaved summer green
- 7. Boreal needle leaf evergreen
- 8. Boreal broad-leaved summer green
- 9. Boreal needle leaf summer green
- 10. C3 grass
- 11. C4 grass
- 12. C3 agriculture
- 13. C4 agriculture

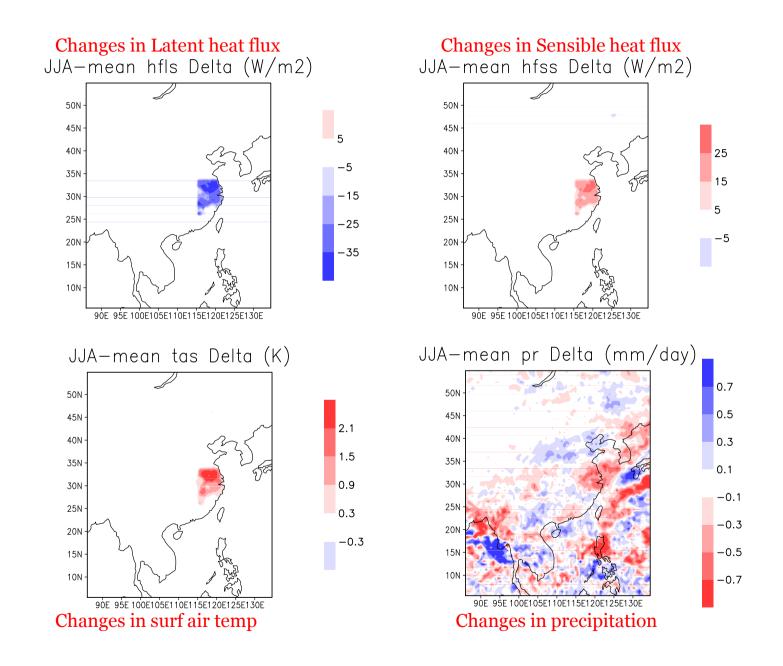
LMDZ-regional is driven, for lateral boundary, by ERA-Interim 4xdaily T, u, v, q from 1989 to 2009

LMDZ-regional:lon(77) x lat(80), about 50 km Model Grid

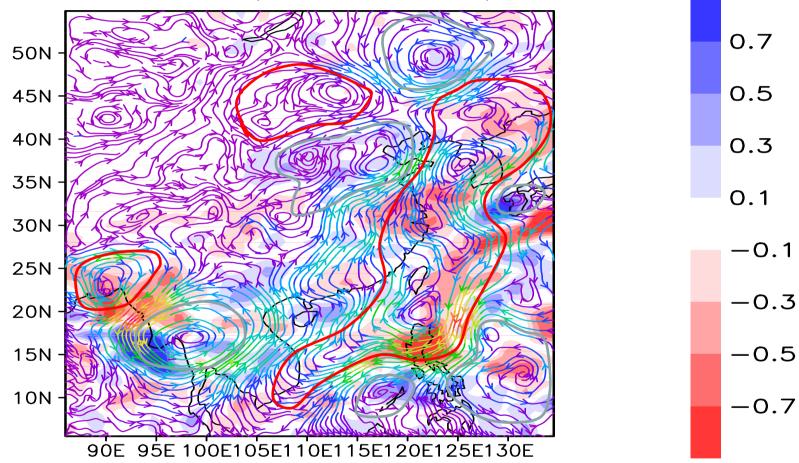




Fractions of bare soil, C3 and C4 agriculture

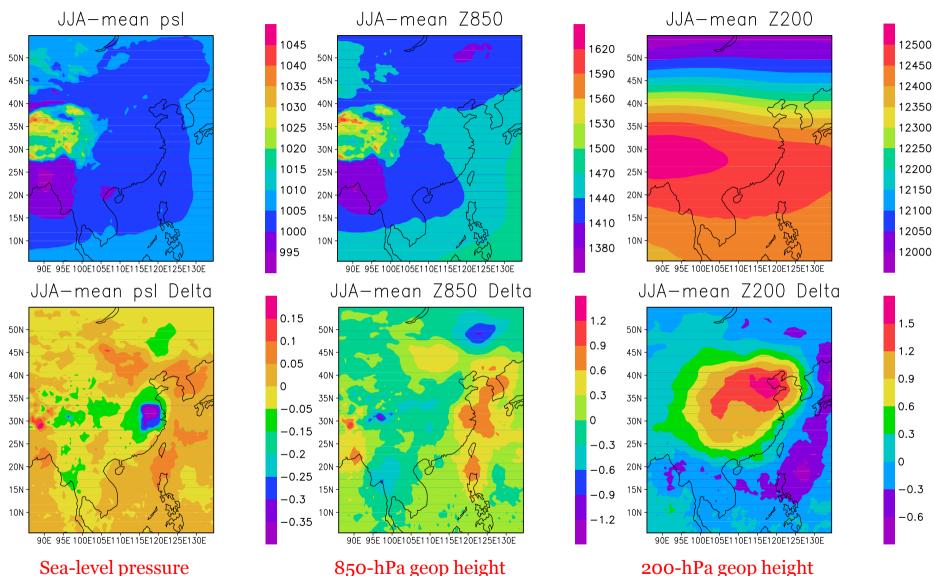


Changes in precipitation (smoothed) and moisture transport JJA-mean pr and vq Delta



Divergence and anticyclonic circulation cyclonic circulation

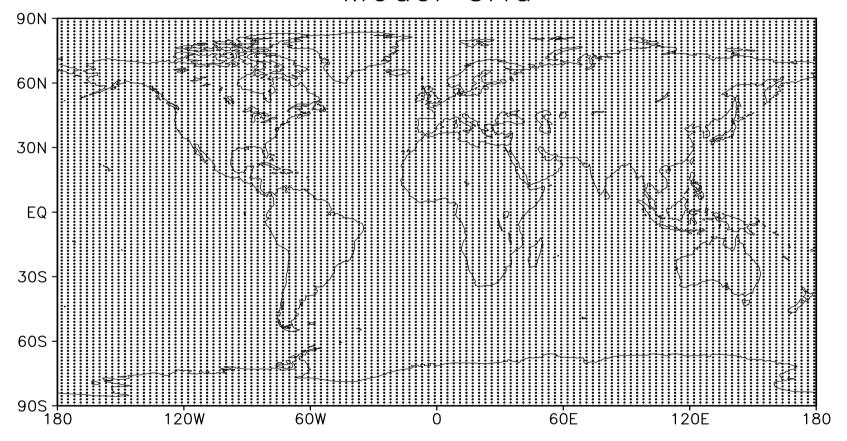
Convergence and



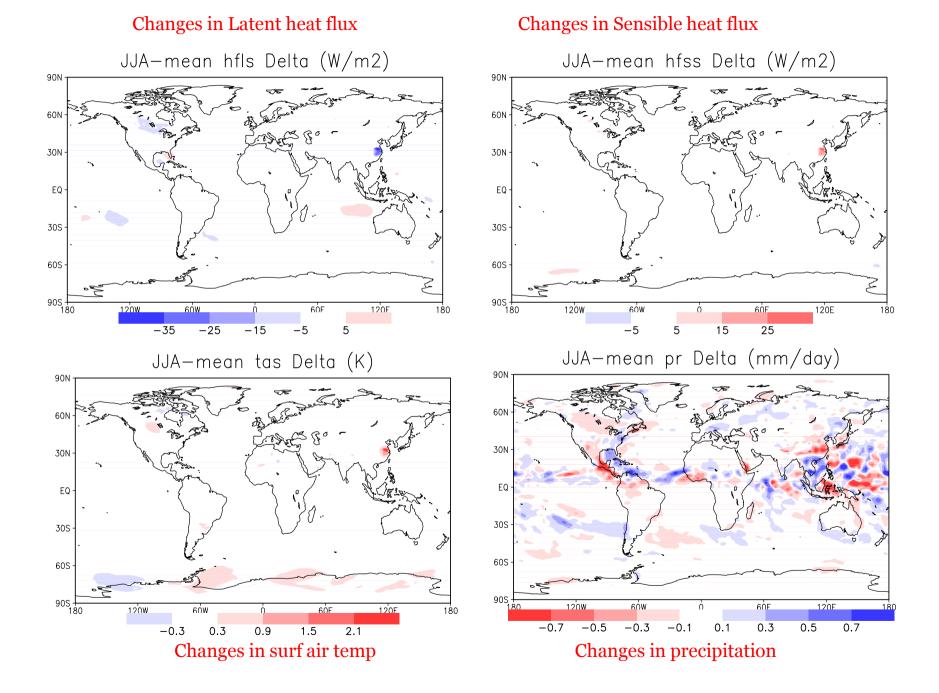
JJA-mean fields (SLP, geop heights 850 and 200 hPa, upper) and changes (lower)

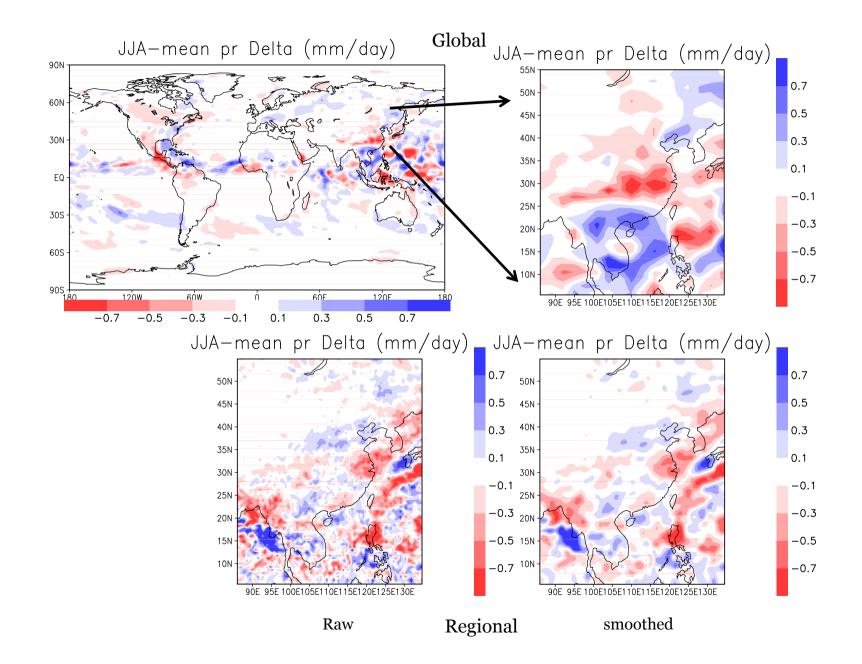
A weak baroclinic structure can be observed in the local domain

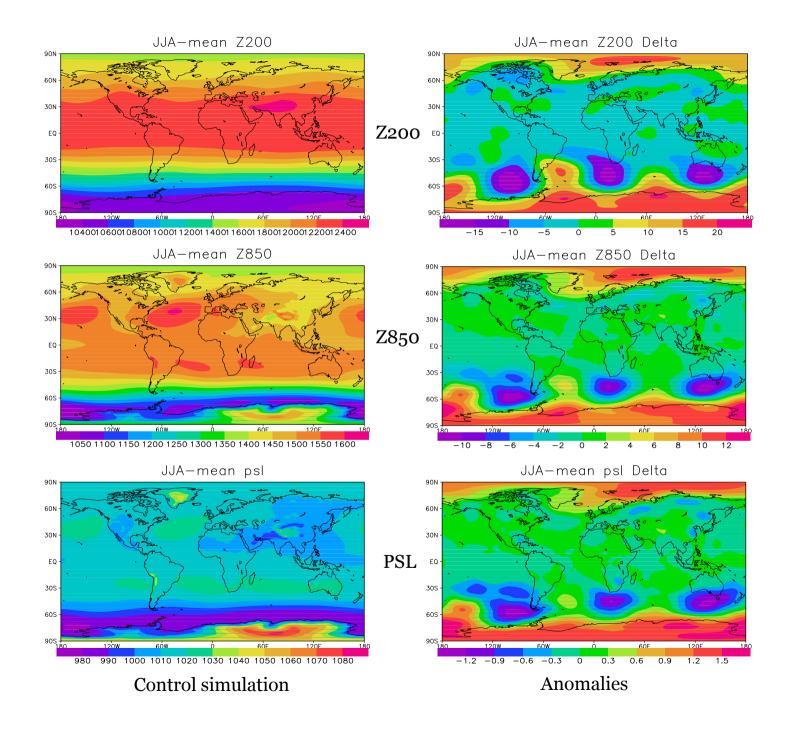
Same model physics and same experimental design, but there are no more boundary conditions from ERA-Interim. SST at the lower boundary is the observed one with interannual variability (21 years: 1989 to 2009, 3 ensemble members) Model Grid

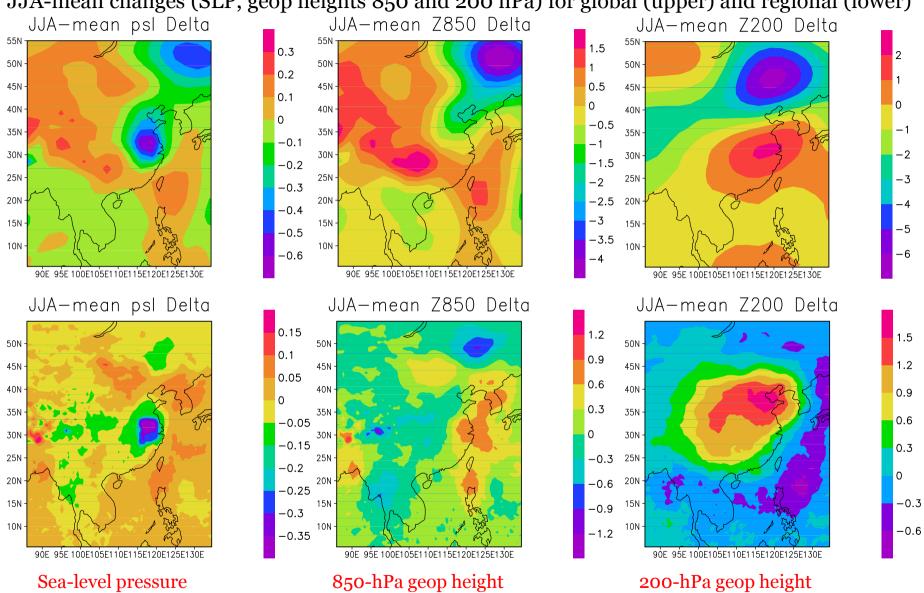


LMDZ-global: 120(lon) x 120(lat), about 200 km









JJA-mean changes (SLP, geop heights 850 and 200 hPa) for global (upper) and regional (lower)

Urbanization in the Yangtze river Delta :

- Local warming and drying effects.
- Enhance the summer monsoon.
- Global effects are difficult to assess.

Surface air temperature variation (1997/2011 - 1982/1996) due to surface vegetation changes

